



Freescale VISION solution



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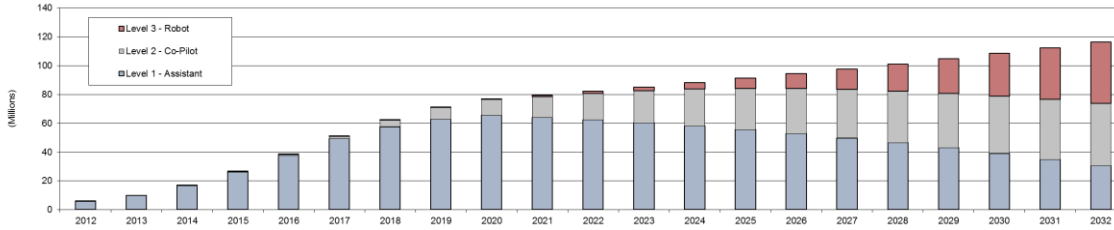


The Market Outlook

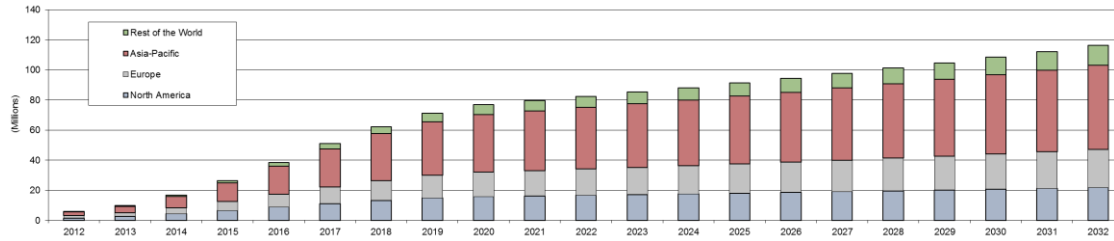
The Market – Freescale & Analyst view



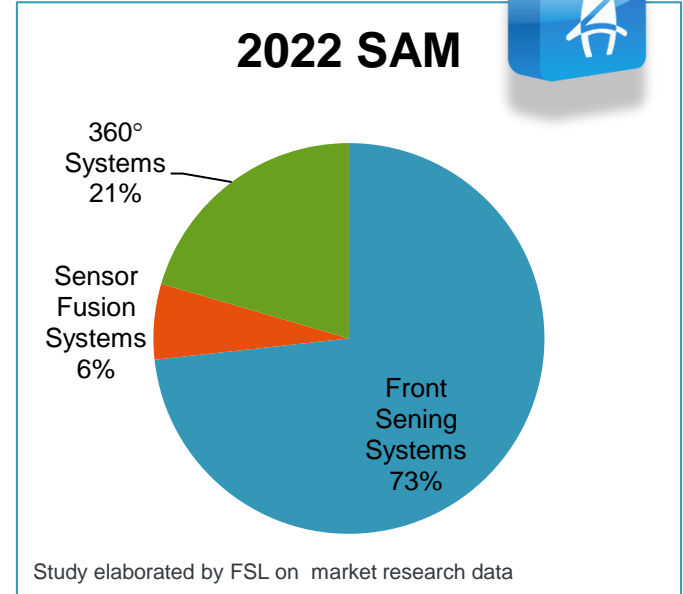
Autonomous Vehicle OEM Shipments by Type, World Market, Forecast: 2012 to 2032



Autonomous Vehicle OEM Shipments by Region, World Market, Forecast: 2012 to 2032



Original graphs from ABI research



Headline Requirements:

	Front Sensing	360° Sensing	Sensor Fusion
Safe Architecture	ASIL B (min) Quad Cores @ ≥800MHz	ASIL B (min) Quad Cores @ ≥ 800MHz	ASIL D Quad Cores @ ≥1000MHz + 2 nd SOC
Sensor Proc	Massively Parallel image processor for detection	Massively Parallel image processor for detection	N/A
HMI	2D GFx for debug & HMI	3D GFX for HD display	N/A
Connectivity	PCIe, MIPI-CSI2	PCIe, ENET, MIPI-CSI2	FD-CAN, FlexRay, ENET



ADAS Market Trends



Comfort while Driving

Keeping the Car on the Road

- Camera and radar
- Cognition algorithms to extract features / classify objects
- No display necessary
- Functional safety applied to longitudinal motion



Safe Driving

360° Surround

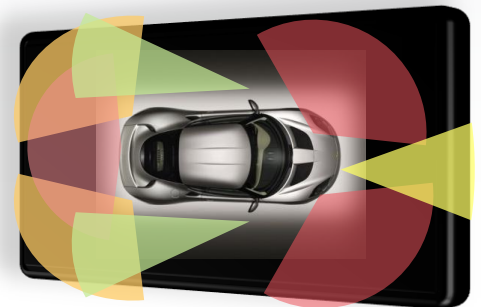
- Rear/Side camera, sat. Radar, Usonic
- 3D image techniques and data fusion
- 2.5D and 3D with high quality
- Greater safety as lateral movements are controlled



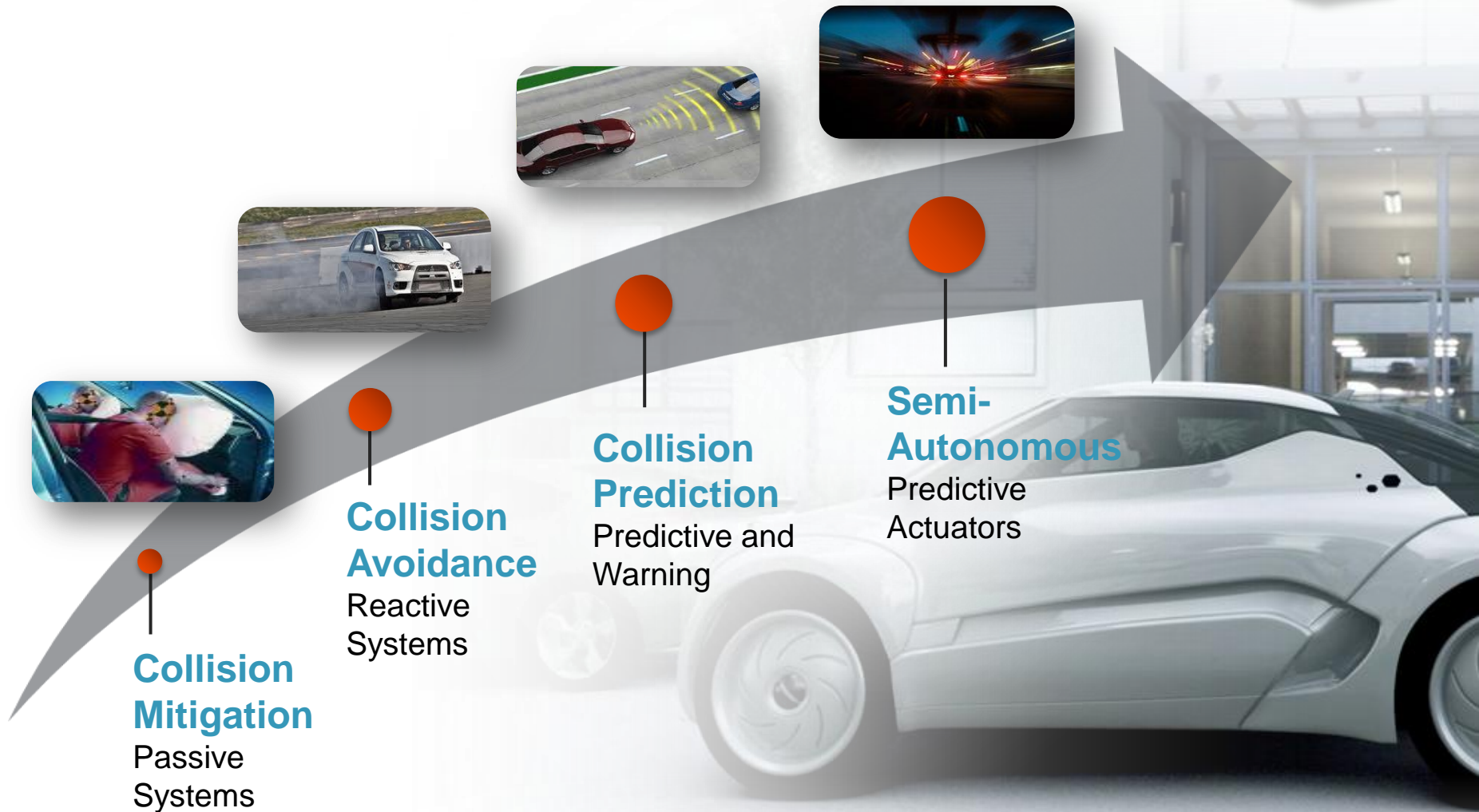
Self Driving

Managing Co-driving

- Large data-object handling
- 3D environmental modeling allowing self-navigation
- Ego motion
- Greatest safety – longitudinal and lateral motion prediction
- Integration of feature extraction



Evolution of Advanced Driver Assistance Systems



A simplified Taxonomy for ADAS

By 2030



Today

- Sensor
- Driver active
- Fail Safe

Assist

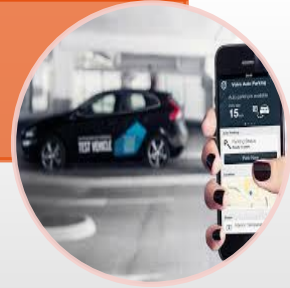


- ACC
- LDW
- BSD
- Head Light
- TSR

By 2020

- Sensor Fusion & maps
- Co-Pilot
- Dependable & reliable

Automate



- Park Assist
- EBA
- Highway platoons
- ACC with Steer

- Sensors & Maps & V2X
- Driverless
- Fail operational

Autonomous



- Commercial autonomous vehicles (drones-big vehicle)
- Driverless public transport
- ACC with Steer



Vision Challenges



Power Consumption

- Power/Performance ratio
- BOM costs (board, heat sinks etc)
- Infotainment products reused



Miniaturization

- Physical application space
- BOM cost reduction
- Safety adds vehicle weight



Functional Safety

- Infotainment products reused
- Safety v availability
- General lack of expertise in the market



Software Investment

- Future reuse of algorithms
- Independency from hardware
- Flexibility to adapt as strategies evolve

Freescal Value

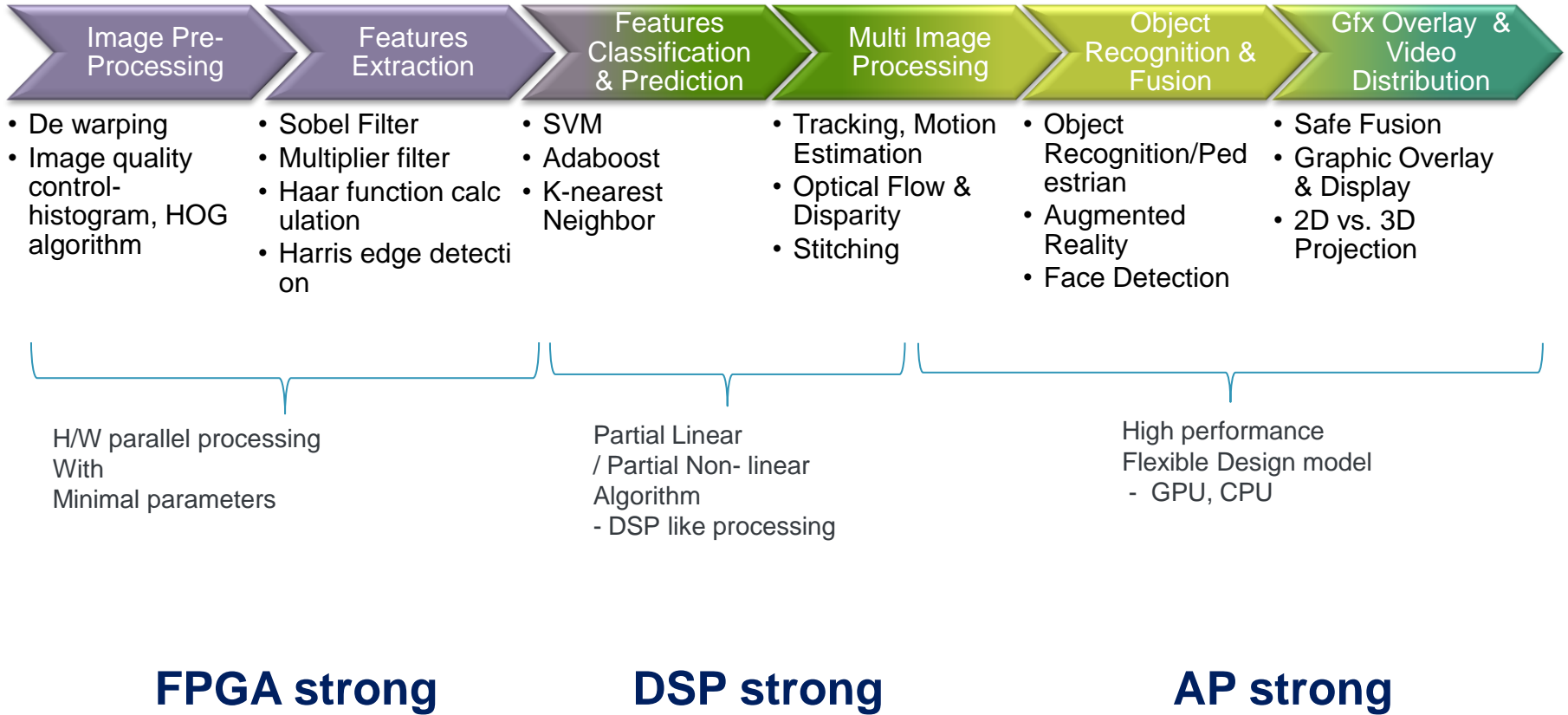
- Industry leading performance per mWatt
- Designed for Vision

- RCP packaging
- ISP integration
- DRAM integration

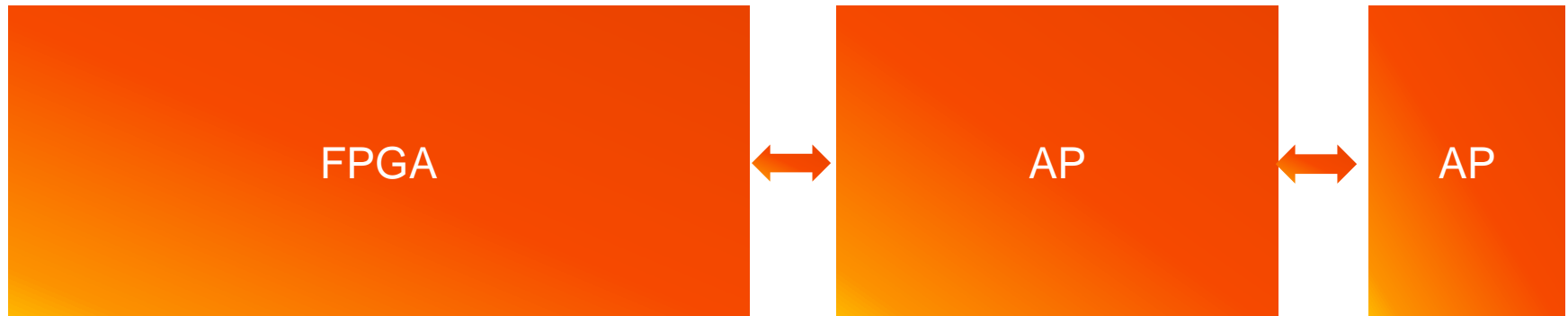
- Safety Process
- Safety IP
- Multi Core

- OpenCL
- Software Partners
- Product family

Image processing process



Existing System configuration- FPGA



Consideration point

- Development cost
- Power consumption
- Reliability
- Memory system integration

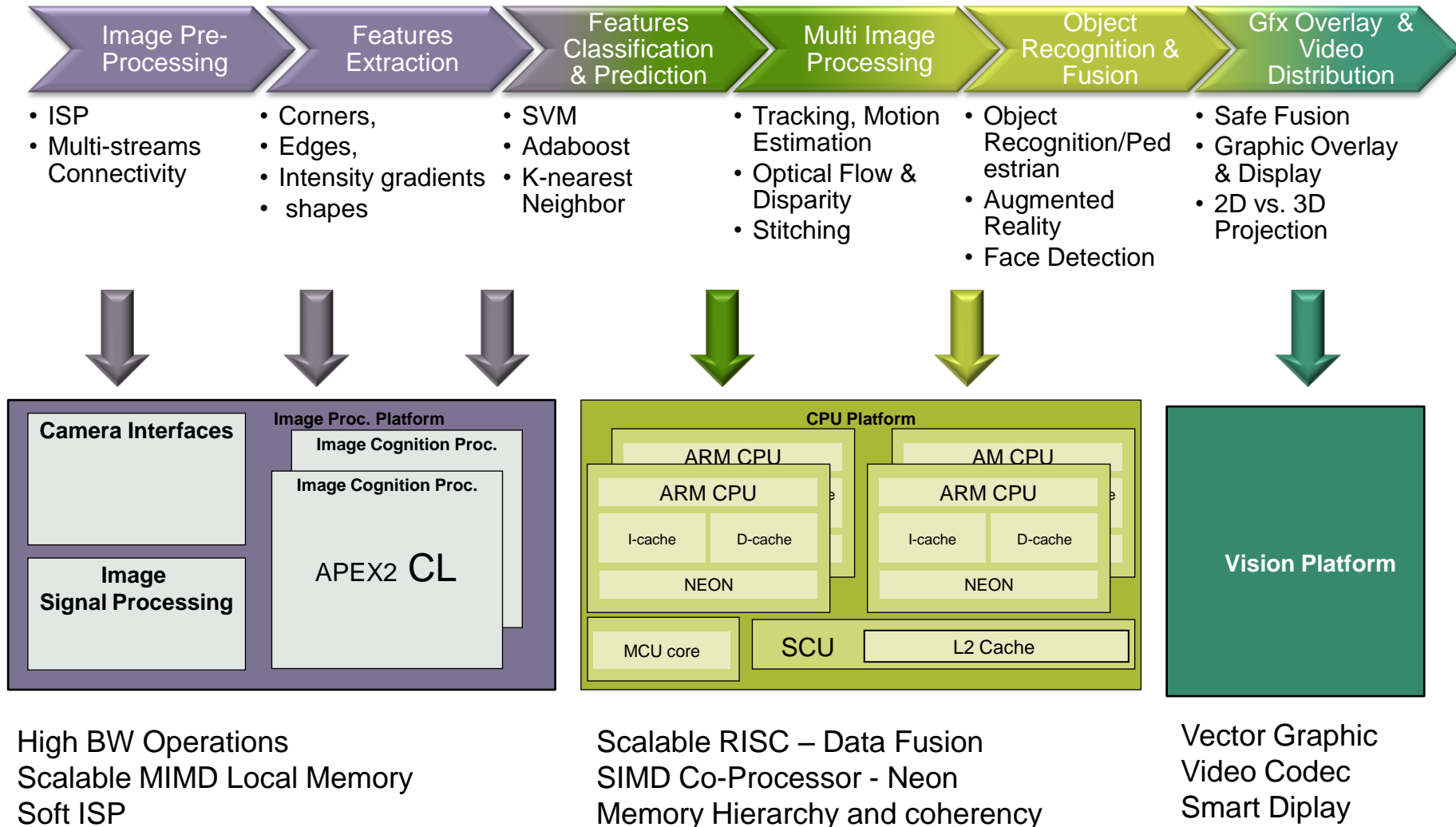
Existing System configuration- DSP



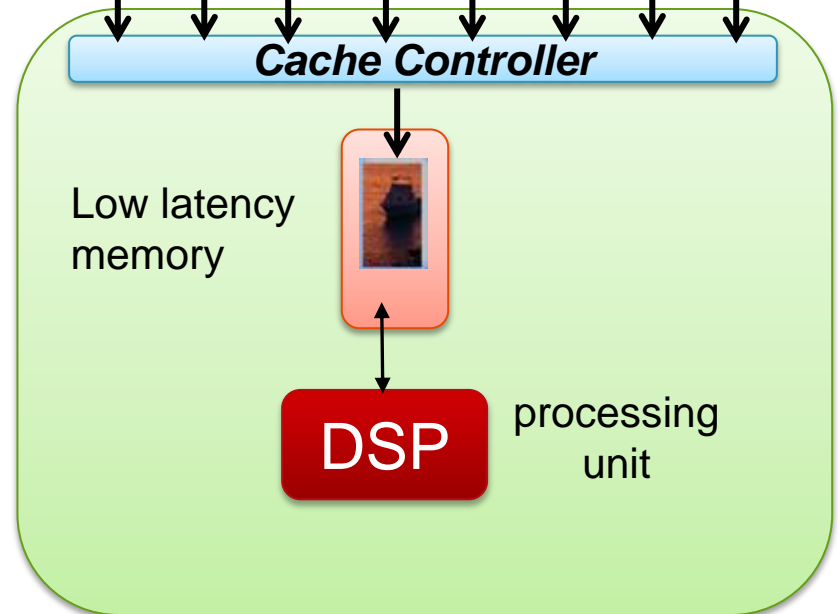
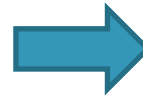
Consideration point

- Development cost
- Fusion algorithm development
- Reliability
- Competition with FPU/ NEON in ARM

Machine Vision Processing ⇒ Freescale proposal



DSP: Vision Accelerator Architecture



- ▶ Image is processed block by block
- ▶ Image blocks are processed sequentially

ADVANTAGE:

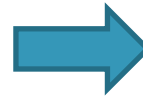
- ▶ Simplicity – within well known programming paradigm

DISADVANTAGE:

- ▶ Low level of parallelism
 - ▶ Instruction level parallelism only
- ▶ Sequential operations forces a low utilization data locality
- ▶ *Scales mostly with clock frequency which leads to high system power consumption.*



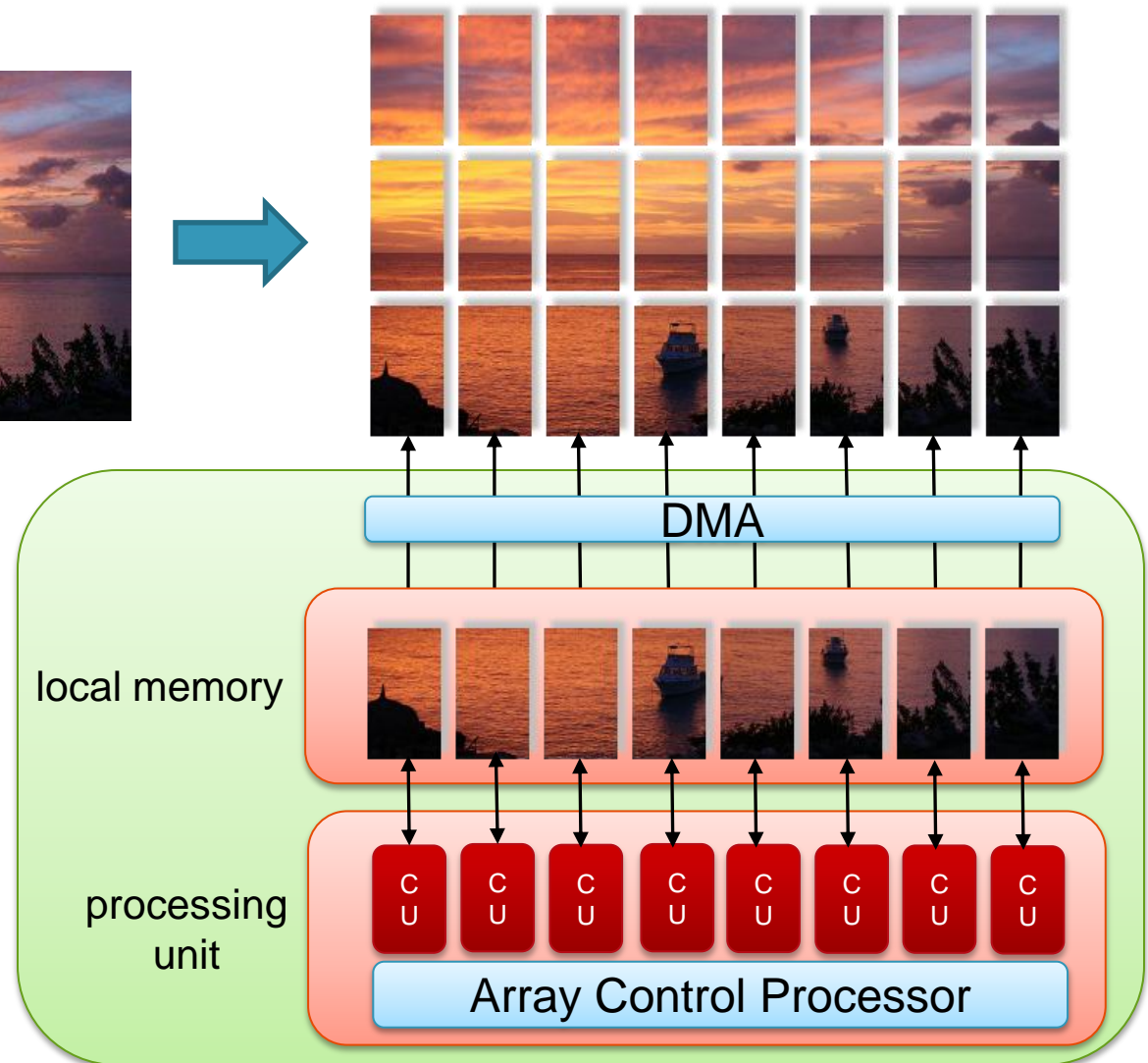
APEX: Vision Accelerator Architecture



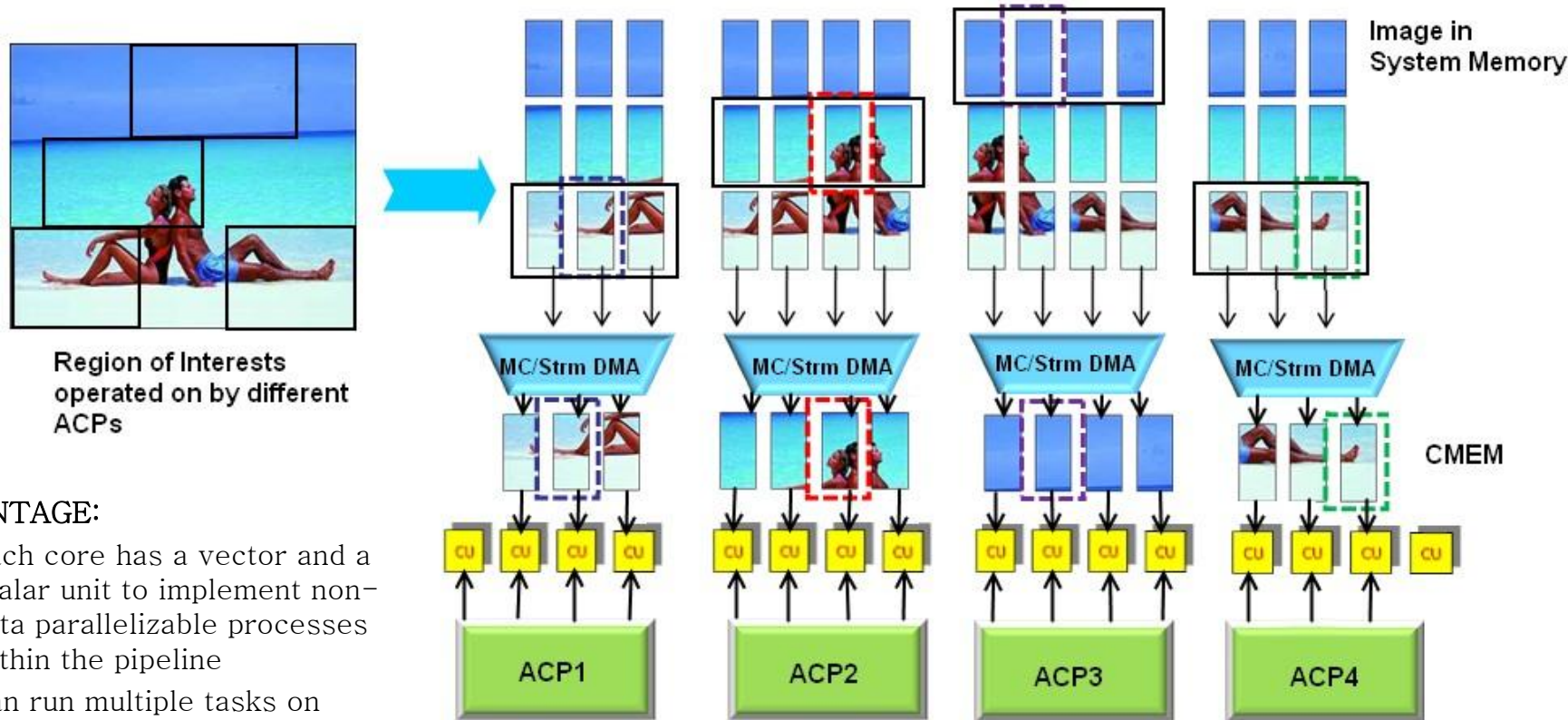
- ▶ Image is processed in tiles – multiple blocks at a time
- ▶ Each block is processed by a different Computational Unit – concurrently

ADVANTAGE:

- ▶ High Level of data parallelism which translates into high processing performance
- ▶ Scales with number of CUs – lower clock frequency – lower power consumption
- ▶ High bandwidth between local memory and CU registers



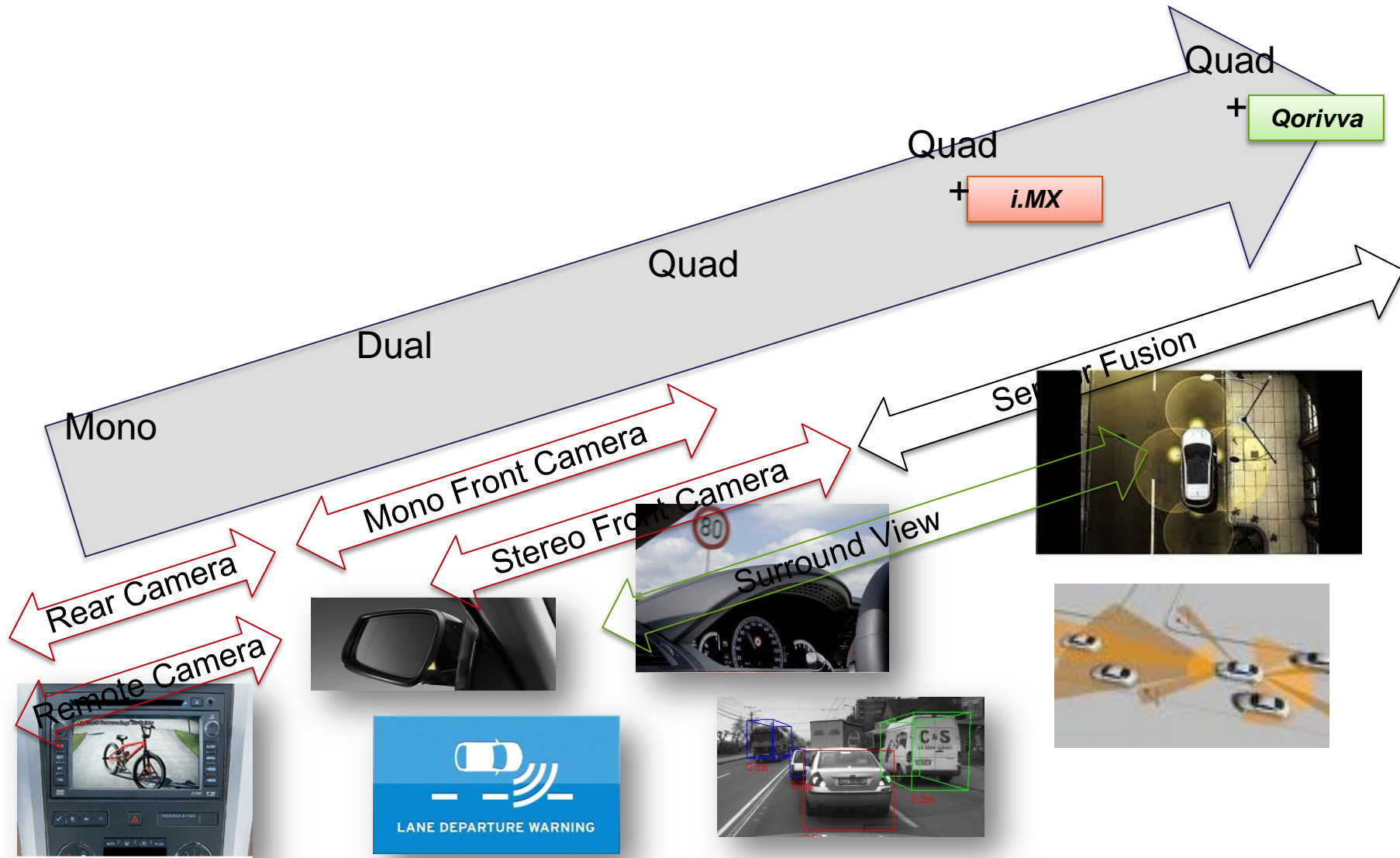
APEX-2 - SIMD and Scalar Multi-Core



ADVANTAGE:

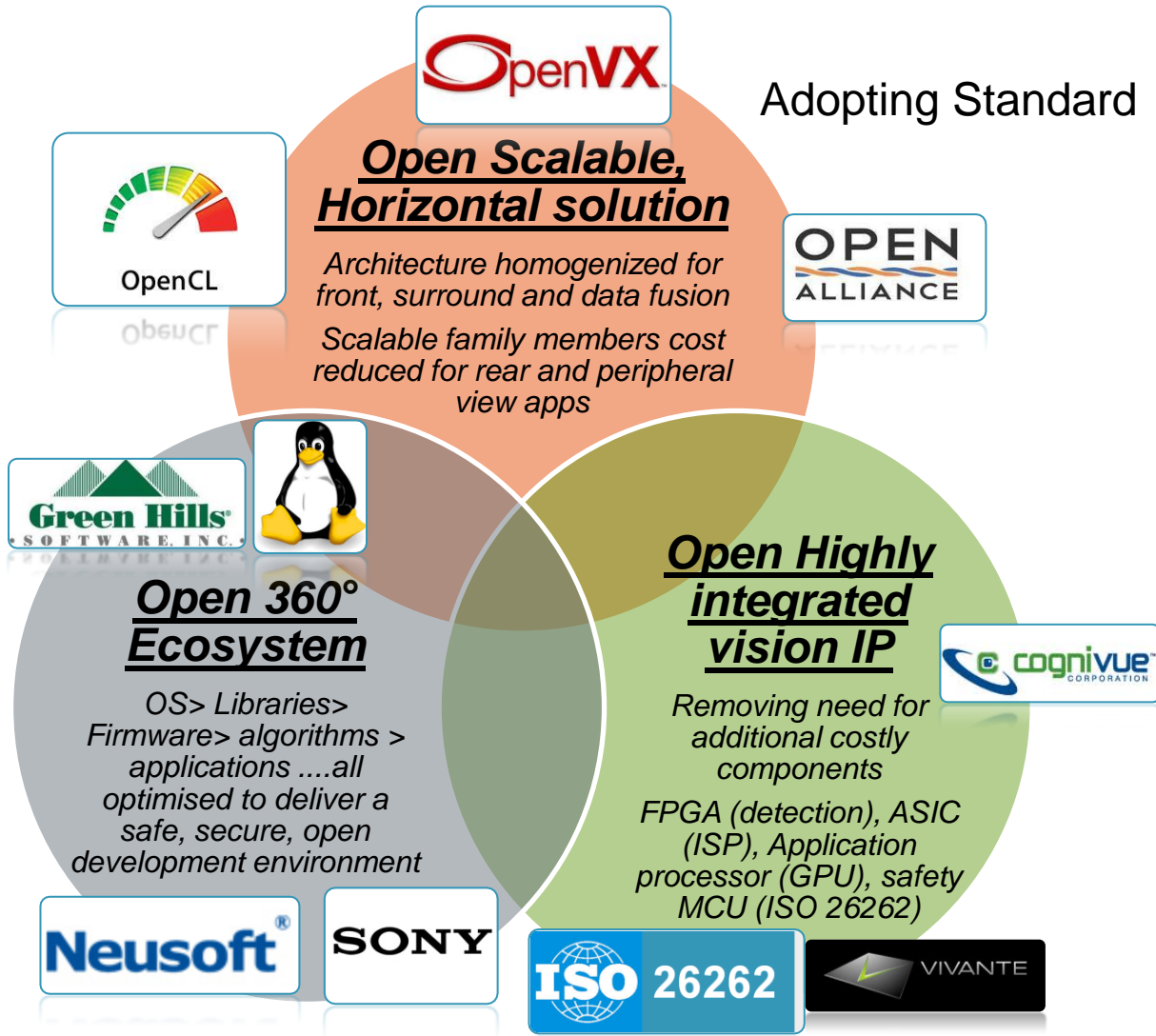
- Each core has a vector and a scalar unit to implement non-data parallelizable processes within the pipeline
- Can run multiple tasks on different portion of the image – concurrently.
- Vector instructions can now execute at different addresses.
- C/C++ compiler with extensions for vector operations.

Vision Scalable Solution



Freescalē– Open Vision Architecture

Breaking the Vertical Paradigm: ‘democratization of ADAS’



► **Paving the way to long term goal of semi autonomous autos**

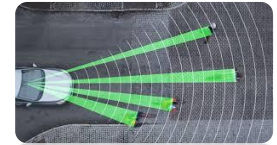
- Reuse
- Scalable
- Tools and SW
- Open development environment

Safety and the race to the autonomous car



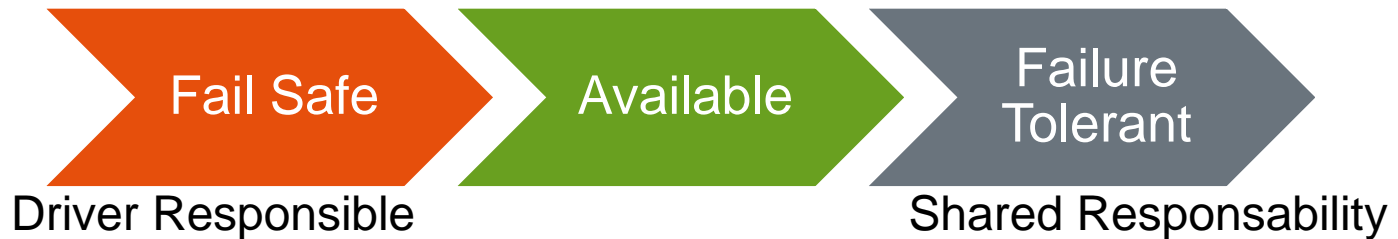
By 2016 NCAP demands:

- Lane Keep Assist
- Pedestrian Detection
- Emergency Braking



By 2020 OEM “friendly race“

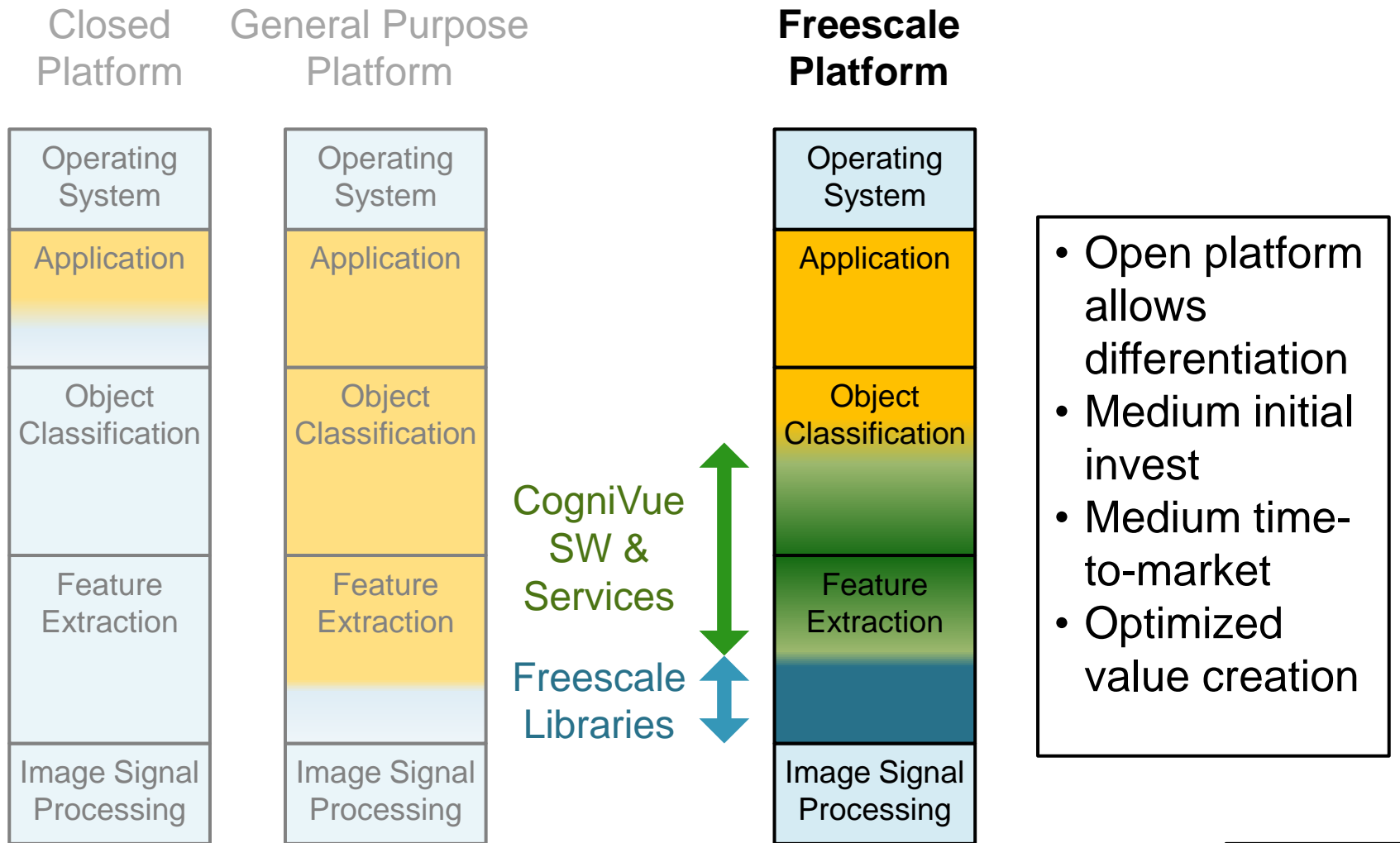
Who will get first to deliver an affordable semi-autonomous vehicle?



Freescale re-invent Safety:

1. Shift Focus to Availability (not only HW Lock-Step)
2. Balance between HW & SW mechanisms
3. Complements the SW OS non-interference message

Freescal Business Model for Vision ADAS



Freescal vision solution SDK Architecture

