

XMC

MCU



Agenda

- Key XMC1000 Features

- Lighting Power Supply Topologies

- PFC and QR with XMC1000

- CCM Buck with XMC1000

Flexibility

- Adjustable voltage reference
- Adjustable tuning parameter
- Non-linear control methods
- Reusable in next platform/projects

Linearity

- Controller is not sensitive to temperature, aging, drifting
- Linear softstart with lesser components

Security

- Source code encryption preventing piracy

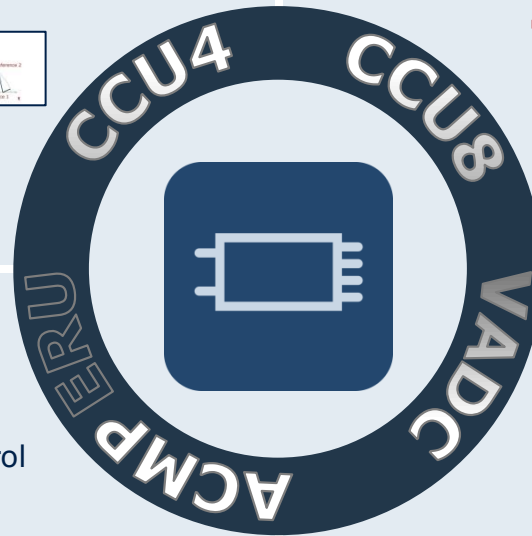
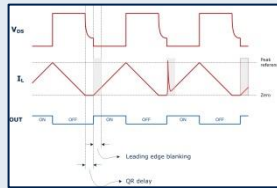
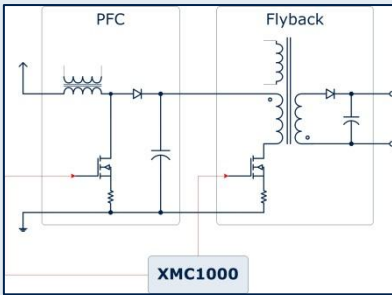
Communication

- Housekeeping: diagnostics & reporting
- Programmable: define maximum power, output voltage
- Error/Fault handling capability

LED Lighting with XMC1000 Power Conversion

Several ACDC topologies supported

- Single-stage flyback
- Boost PFC + QR Flyback
- Boost PFC + LLC HB

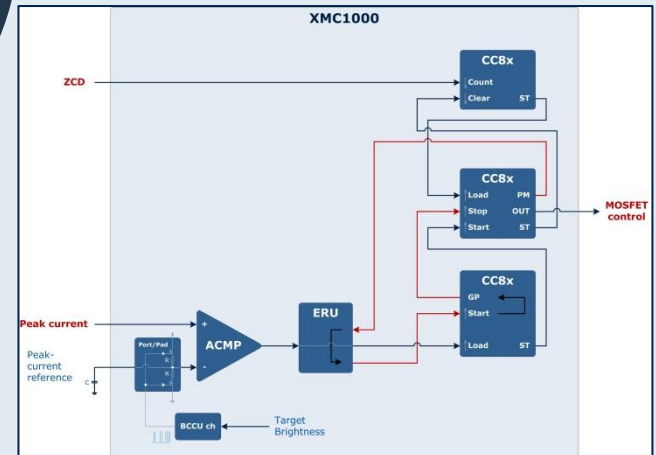
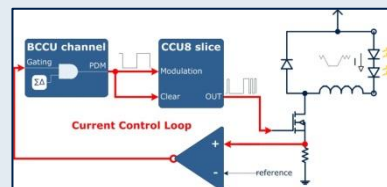
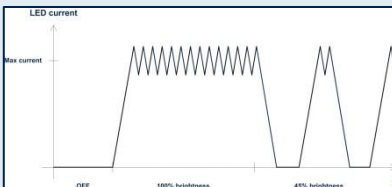


Tightly interconnected peripherals support various digital power conversion techniques

- PFC: CCM/CrCM/DCM, quasi resonance
- Synchronous buck, half bridge
- **Generic flexible timer structure**
 - Zero crossing detection
 - Peak current control
 - Constant on-time control
 - Leading-edge blanking
 - Valley switching

DCDC Buck

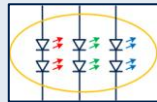
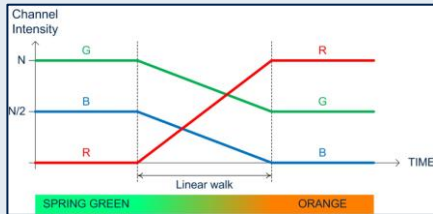
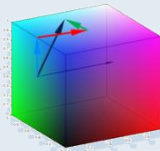
- Ultra-fast current control loop
- Up to 3.5MHz switching frequency
- Modulation dimmed peak-current control
- No CPU load



LED Lighting with XMC1000 Dimming and Color Control

Automatic smooth color change

- Straight transition in orthogonal color space (e.g. RGB)
- Automatic timed transitions
- No CPU Load
- Independent of lamp brightness

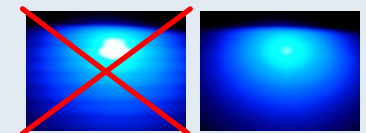
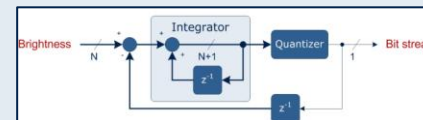
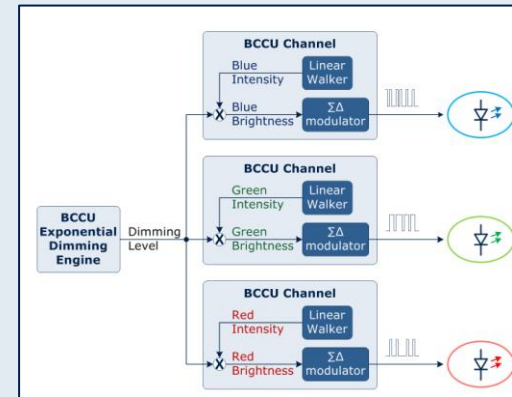
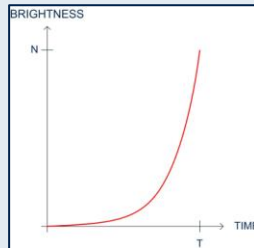
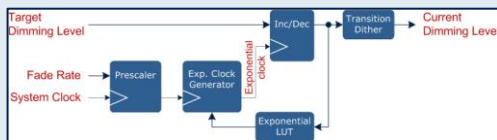


Dedicated Brightness and Color Control Unit (BCCU)

- Designed to automatically control multi-channel LED lights
- Automatic and configurable high frequency brightness control using pulse-density modulation (PDM) enables **flicker-free dimming**

Automatic exponential dimming

- Eye-friendly dimming
- Changes in brightness appear natural
- Dithered piece-wise exponential curve
- Automatic timed transitions
- No CPU load
- Lamp color remains unaffected

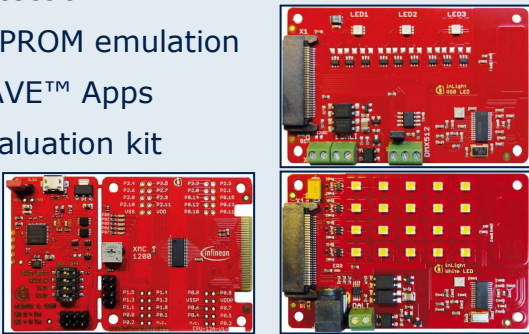


LED Lighting with XMC1000 Connectivity



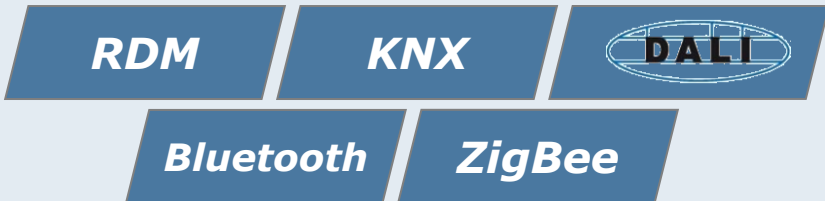
DALI and DMX512 demo stacks available

- Capture-Compare Unit for easy Manchester decoding
- Flexible UART interface with slot counting and break detection
- EEPROM emulation
- DAVE™ Apps
- Evaluation kit



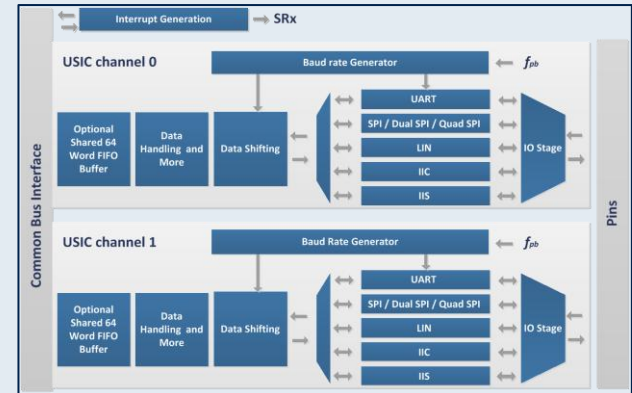
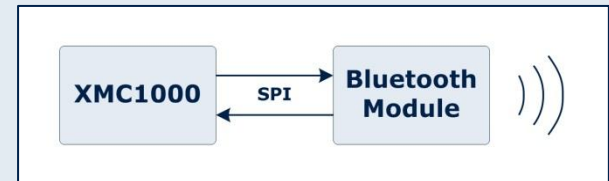
Easy-to-program standard core for 3rd party connectivity stacks

- DALI, KNX, RDM
- Bluetooth, ZigBee, 6LoWPAN
- 16KB RAM, up to 200KB Flash!



General purpose interfaces to external communication ICs

- Universal serial interface module with two independent channels and 64-word FIFO buffer (USIC)
- UART
- SPI
- I²C



LED Lighting with XMC1000

DAVE™ – Free of charge Eclipse based IDE



XMC Lib

CMSIS / MISRA 2004-compliant low level driver library for peripherals (APIs)

DAVE™

Free Eclipse-based integrated development environment (IDE) including GNU C-compiler, debugger and code generation plug-in

DAVE™ APPs

GUI-configurable application-oriented software components using XMC Lib; arranged in a library (APIs)

DAVE™ SDK

Software development kit to modify, enhance, and develop new DAVE™ APPs

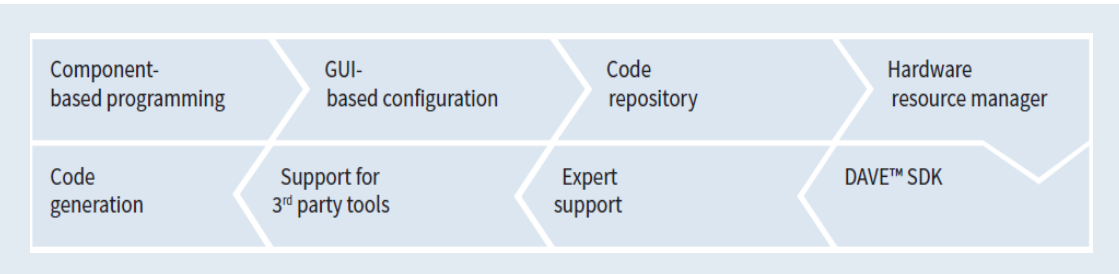
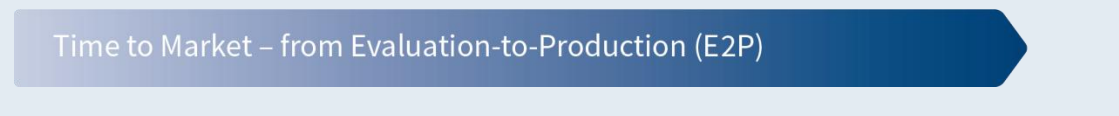
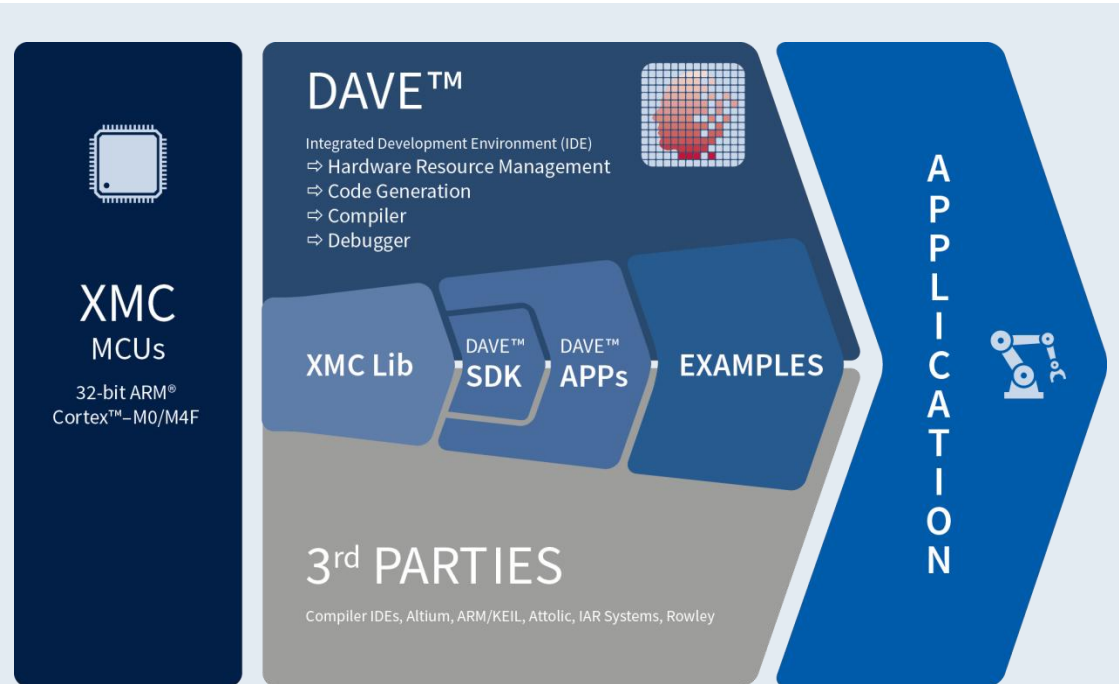
EXAMPLES

XMC Lib and DAVE™ APPs composed to create applications

3rd PARTIES

XMC Lib and DAVE™ APPs are tested with GCC, ARM® and TASKING compilers; released for Altium, Atollic, ARM/KEIL, DAVE™, IAR Systems, and Rowley compiler IDEs

www.infineon.com/dave



XMC Portfolio Line-up

ARM Cortex™ - M4 (with FPU)

- CPU Frequency up to 120MHz
- Timers CCU4, CCU8, POSIF
- USB / Up to 3x CAN / Up to 6x Serial Channels
- **High Resolution PWM**
- **Interconnect Matrix**
- 2x 12Bit ADC / 2x DAC
- **TA = -40C to 125C**

XMC4100/4200

Up to 256kB Flash / 40kB RAM
QFN48, TQFP64

XMC4400

Up to 512kB Flash / 80kB RAM
TQFP64 / TQFP100

- + 120MHz Core
- + Ethernet
- + $\Delta\Sigma$ Demodulator

XMC4500

Up to 1MB Flash / 160kB RAM
TQFP100 / TQFP144 / BGA144

- + EBU
- + SD Card

XMC4700

Up to 2MB Flash / 352kB RAM
TQFP100 / TQFP144 / BGA196

- + 144MHz Core
- + 6ch CAN FD

XMC4800

Up to 2MB Flash / 352kB RAM
TQFP100 / TQFP144 / BGA196

- + Industrial Connectivity

ARM Cortex™ - M0

- Core 32MHz / Peripherals up to 64MHz
- Capture Compare Units (CCU4)
- 2x Serial Channels
- 12Bit ADC
- Interconnect Matrix
- Secure Bootloader
- 1,8V – 5,5V Supply Voltage Range
- **TA = -40C to 105C**

XMC1100

Up to 64kB Flash
TSOP16/38, VQFN24/40

XMC1200

Up to 200kB Flash
TSOP16/28/38, VQFN24/40

- + 9ch LED Control (BCCU)
- + 3x Analog Comparators

XMC1300

Up to 200kB Flash
TSOP16/28/38, VQFN24/40

- + Math Co-Processor
- + CCU8 PWM Timer
- + Hall & Encoder I/F

XMC1400

Up to 200kB Flash
VQFN40/48/64, TQFP64

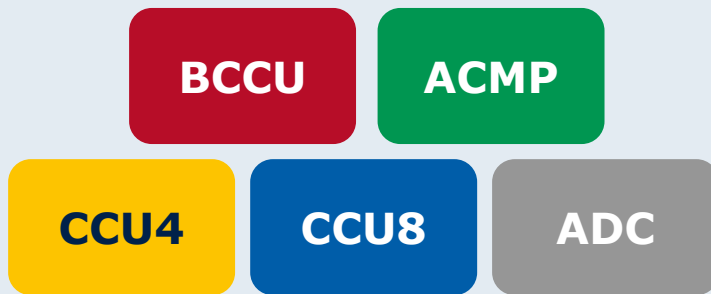
- + 48MHz Core / 96MHz Peripherals
- + 2x CAN FD
- + 2x CCU8 / Up to 4 Serial Channels

High Volume Production

Sampling 2H 2015

Key Microcontroller Features

Peripherals for LED Lighting Applications



Highlights

BCCU dedicated for modulation dimming and color mixing enables users to develop high quality lighting solutions with little user code.

Tightly interconnected analog and PWM peripherals enable fast SMPS control for high efficiency.

Key Feature

Dedicated Brightness and Color Control Unit

Interconnected analog and PWM peripherals

Internal comparator reference generation with external capacitor

Customer Benefits

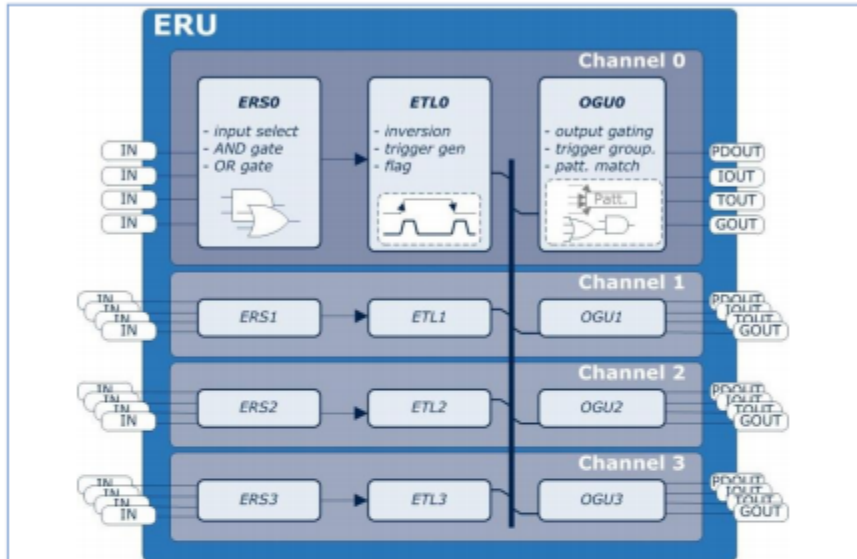
Automatic pulse-density modulated dimming and color control

Control fast SMPSs with high power density and high dimmability

Simple DAC solution without output pin required

ERU

Event Request Unit



Highlights

The ERU module can be used to expand the P-to-P connections of the device: ports-to-peripherals, peripherals-to-peripherals and ports-to-ports. It also offers configurable logic, that allows the generation of triggers, pattern detection and real-time signal monitoring.

Key Feature

Connection flexibility

External Interrupt Generation

Configurable logic

Customer Benefits

Connection expansion for small packages; Increased application case coverage for motor control, power conversion, etc; Peripheral/Port-to-Peripheral/Port;

Multiple and parallel interrupt generation from port pins; Conditioning of interrupts with internal signals;

Real-time conditioning of external signals; Logical functions between peripherals, e.g AND, OR;

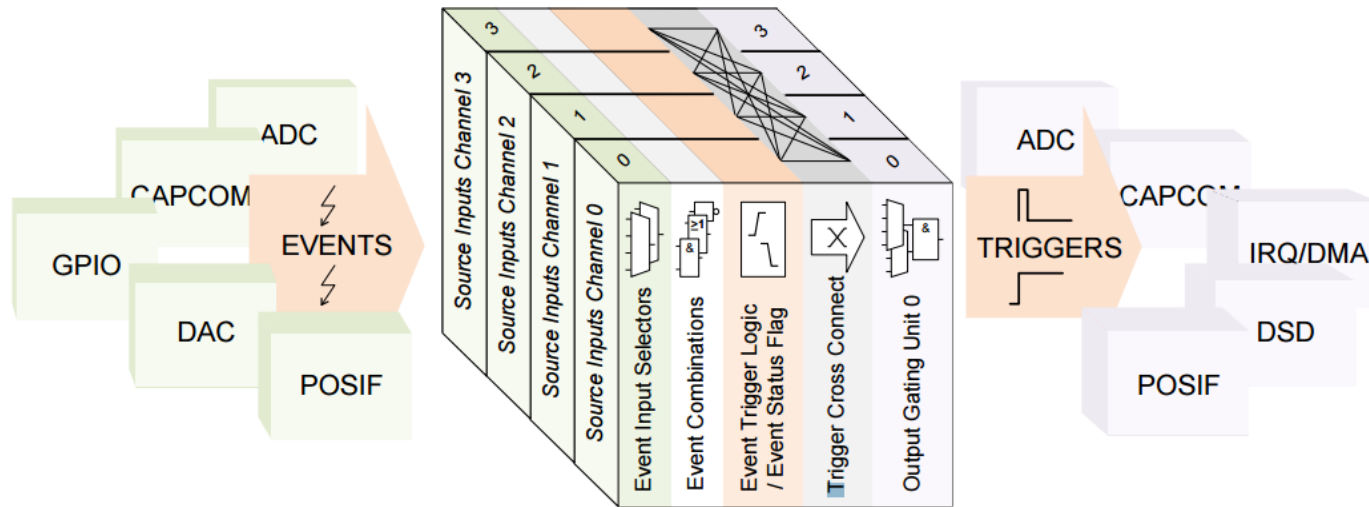
ERU

Event Request Unit

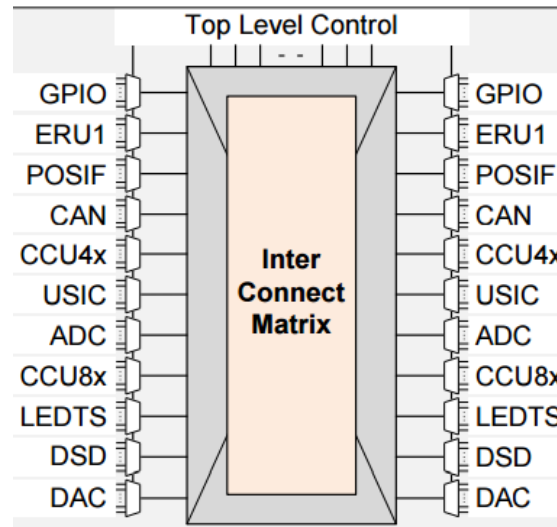
Service Requests
by Event Sources

ERU
Event Request Unit

Event Services by
Action Providers

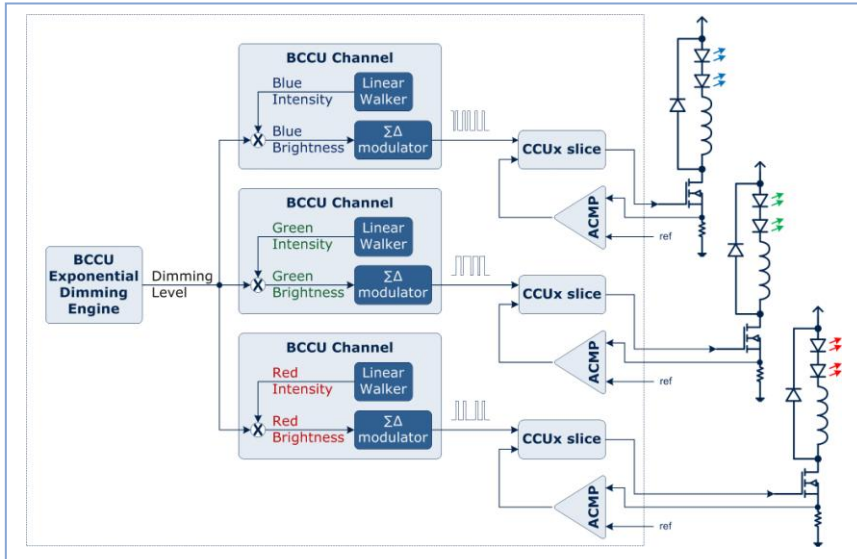


DEV_ERU_01_Use_Case.vsd



Application Example

RGB Lamp Control with switched-mode current control



In Brief

Automatic smooth color and dimming control

Easy on the human eye

Flicker elimination and smoothed dimming steps

Low-cost high-quality multi-channel DCDC LED driver solution

Overview

BCCU provides color control with 12-bit precision. Color transitions can be immediate or gradual by a linear walk.

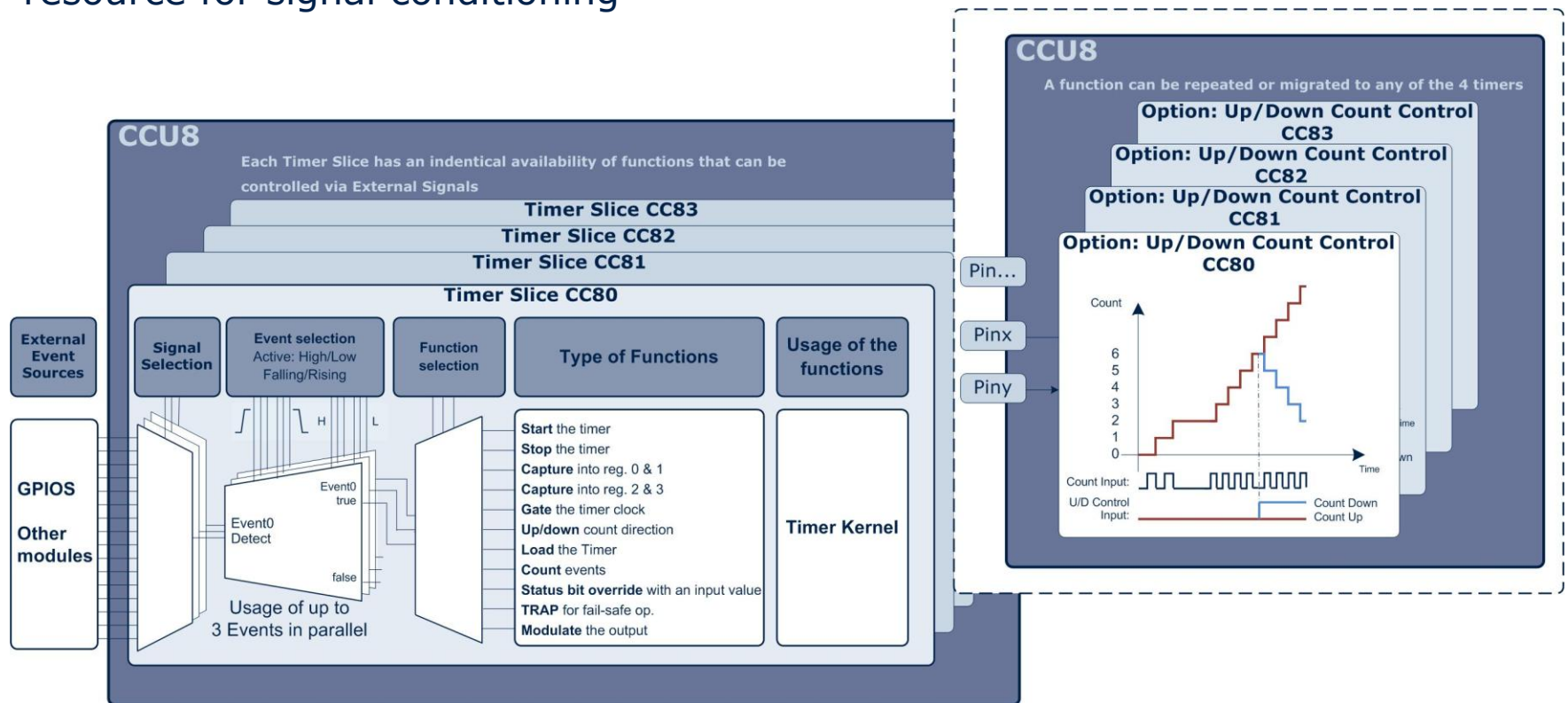
Lamp dimming level is separately controlled from lamp color, also with 12-bit precision. Dimming level can change exponentially over time to appear natural to the human eye.

Flickering due to low switching rate and visible steps due to slow dimming at low intensity levels can be automatically eliminated.

Fast current control possible by well-interconnected switching and analog peripherals.

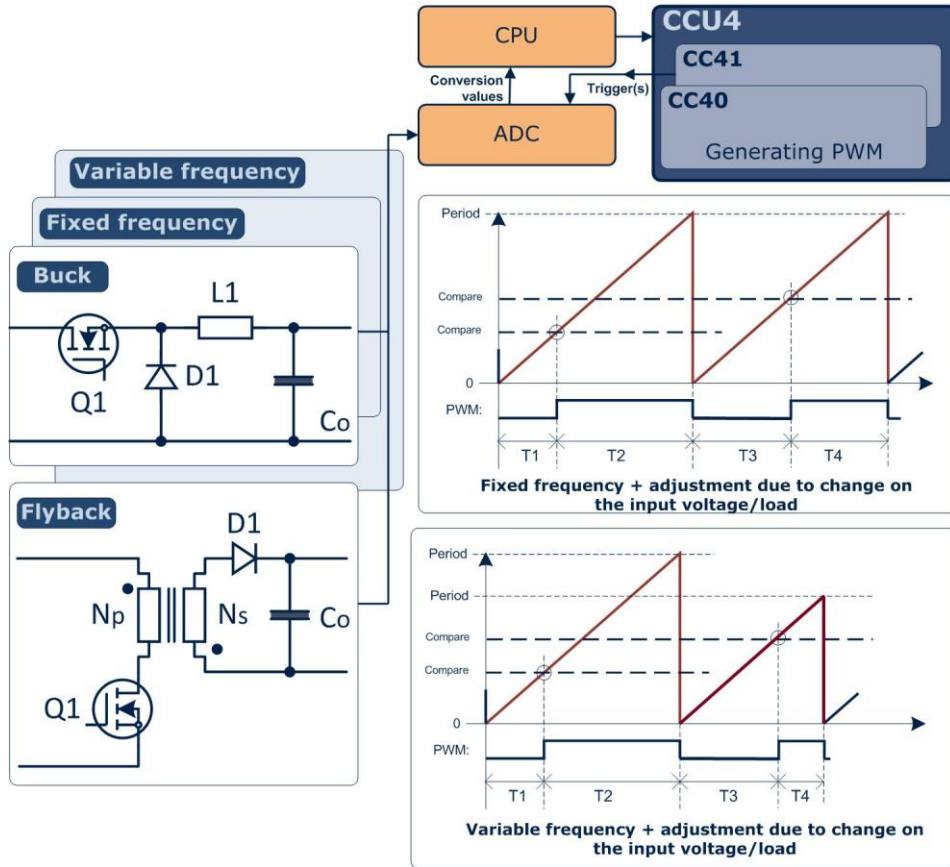
Flexible PWM Unit CCU4/8 – Modular Timer Approach

- Equal structure and same availability of features in each Timer Slice
- Functions controllable via external signals
- Portability of code not dependent on used Timer Slice
- 11 configurable external functions make each Timer Slice a very flexible HW resource for signal conditioning



Application Example

PWM for Power Conversion (1/2)



Overview

Inside the power conversion application domain, one has different type of topologies that may request different type of control methods.

With each CCU4 Timer Slice it is possible to implement all the needed requirements, such as: variable duty cycle, variable switching frequency and a combination of both.

The flexible connections between the CCU4 and additional modules, e.g. ADC, will simplify the task of controlling and generation conversion triggers for each application.

In Brief

Controlling different types of single phase power converter topologies

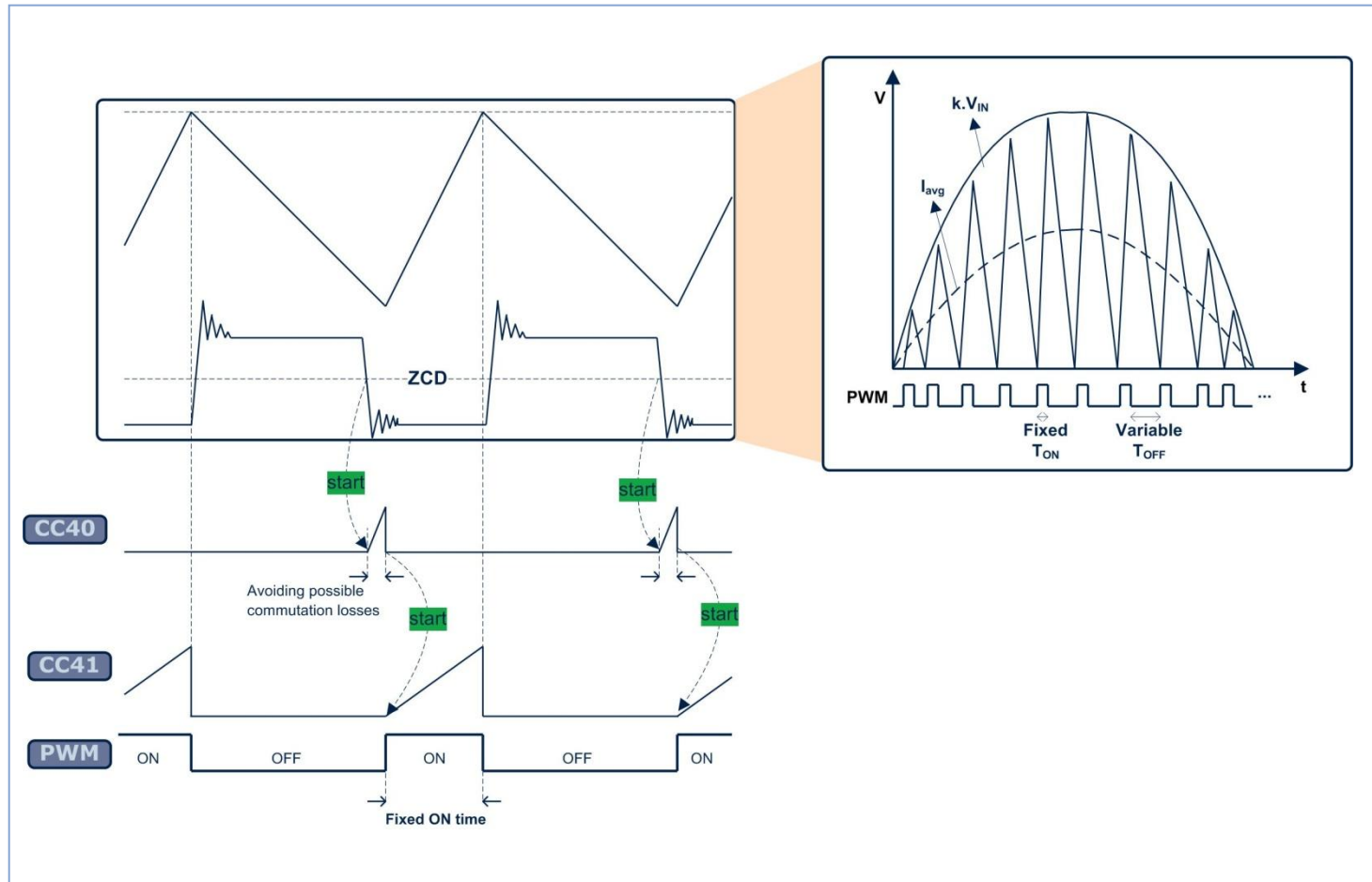
Application Example

PWM for Power Conversion (2/2)

With the extra functions controllable by external signal, it is possible to implement easily a PFC stage.

The CC40 slice is used for noise suppression.

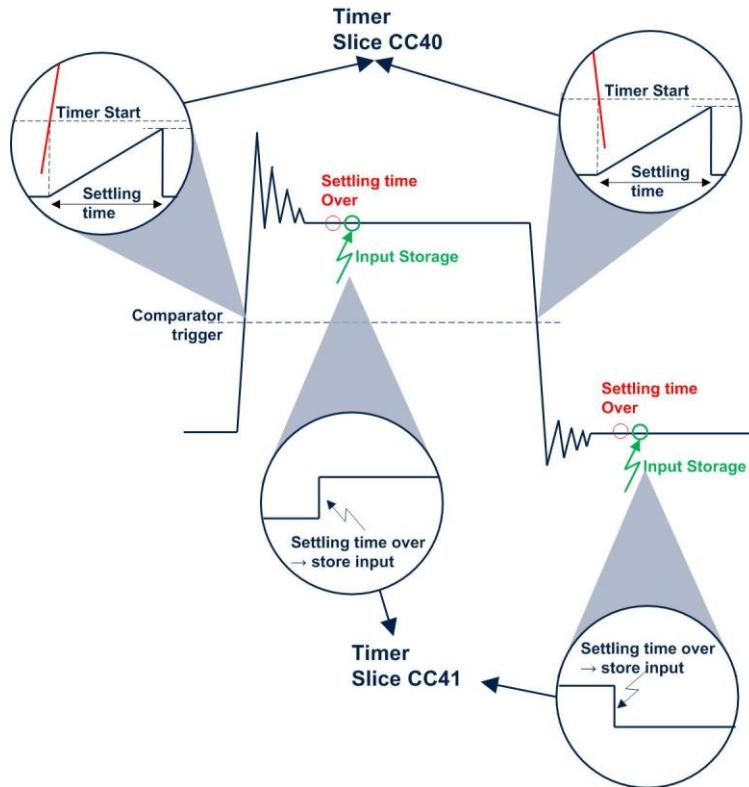
The CC41 slice is used for PWM generation with fixed ON time.



Application Example PFC in Critical Conduction Mode: Detailed Timing Diagram

Application Example

Sampling Control with Noise Rejection (1/2)



Overview

A lot of signal conditioning application cases involve not only noise rejection as also sampling control.

Noise rejection is normally needed when the sampled signal comes from a noisy environment. Sampling control can impose several requirements, e.g. ADC periodic triggers, controllable number of conversions, etc.

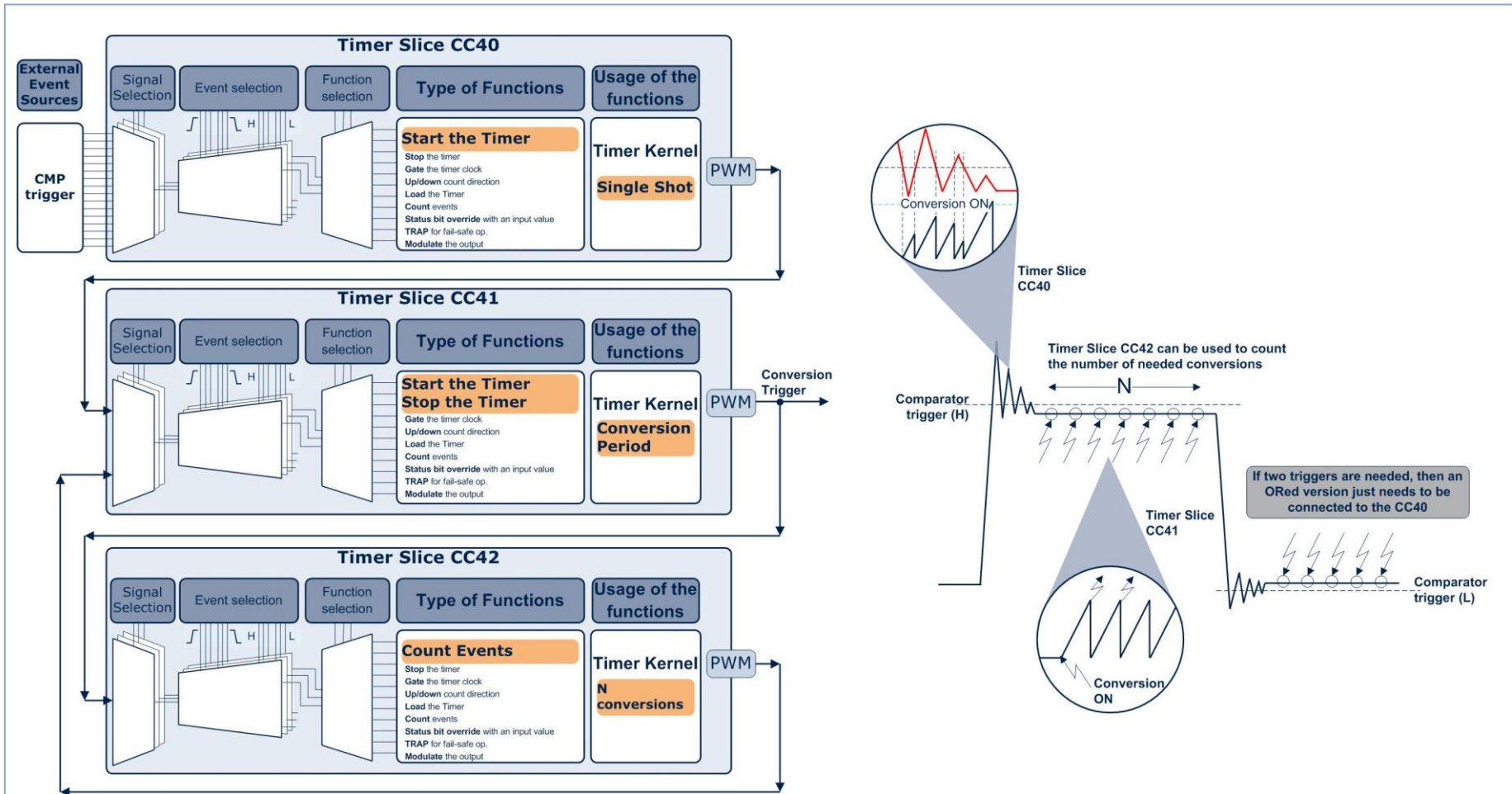
CCU4 modularity and huge set of external functions, provide a huge flexibility for this type of signal conditioning.

In Brief

- Storage of an external signal level after noise suppression

Application Example

Sampling Control with Noise Rejection (2/2)



Application Example Noise Rejection + ADC conversion: Block Diagram

Feedback Peripherals

- XMC offers a wide range of feedback peripherals:
 - 30ns Analog Comparators
 - ADC:
 - 12-bit resolution and 2 Msamples/second
 - Synchronous sampling and flexible sequencing
 - OVP/OCP through band detection and TRAP triggering to Timers
 - Fast Compare Mode allows 150ns-1 bit conversion. This can be used very efficiently as a comparator.
 - Out-of-Range Comparators (ORC)
 - More sophisticated comparators available in XMC4000 (CSG) with a DAC for slope generation

Agenda

- Key XMC1000 Features
- Lighting Power Supply Topologies
 - PFC and QR with XMC1000
 - CCM Buck with XMC1000

Common Building Blocks

■ Buck Converter

- Continuous Conduction Mode (CCM)
 - Peak-current control with constant off-time
 - Hysteretic control
- Critical Conduction Mode (CrCM) / Quasi Resonant (QR)
 - Constant on-time control with zero crossing detection
 - Peak-current control with zero crossing detection

■ Boost Converter

- Critical Conduction Mode (CrCM) / Quasi Resonant (QR)
 - Constant on-time control with zero crossing detection
 - Peak-current control with zero crossing detection

■ Flyback Converter

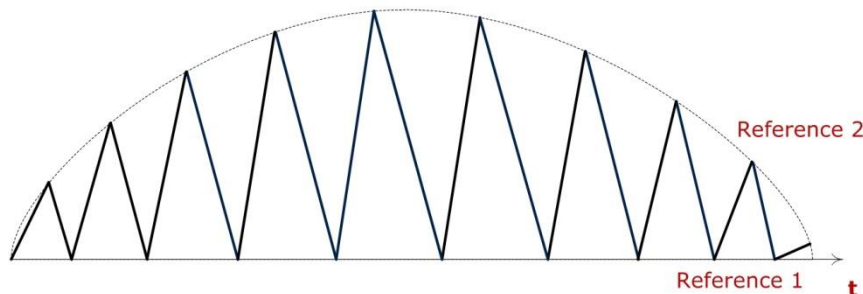
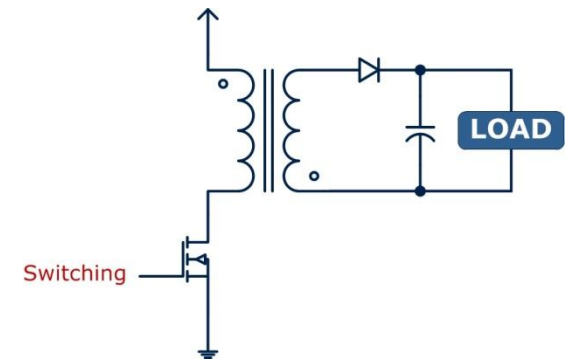
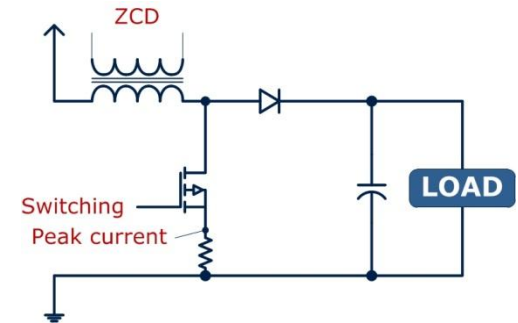
- Critical Conduction Mode (CrCM) / Quasi Resonant (QR)
 - Constant on-time control with zero crossing detection
 - Peak-current control with zero crossing detection

■ Resonant Converter

- LLC
- FBPS

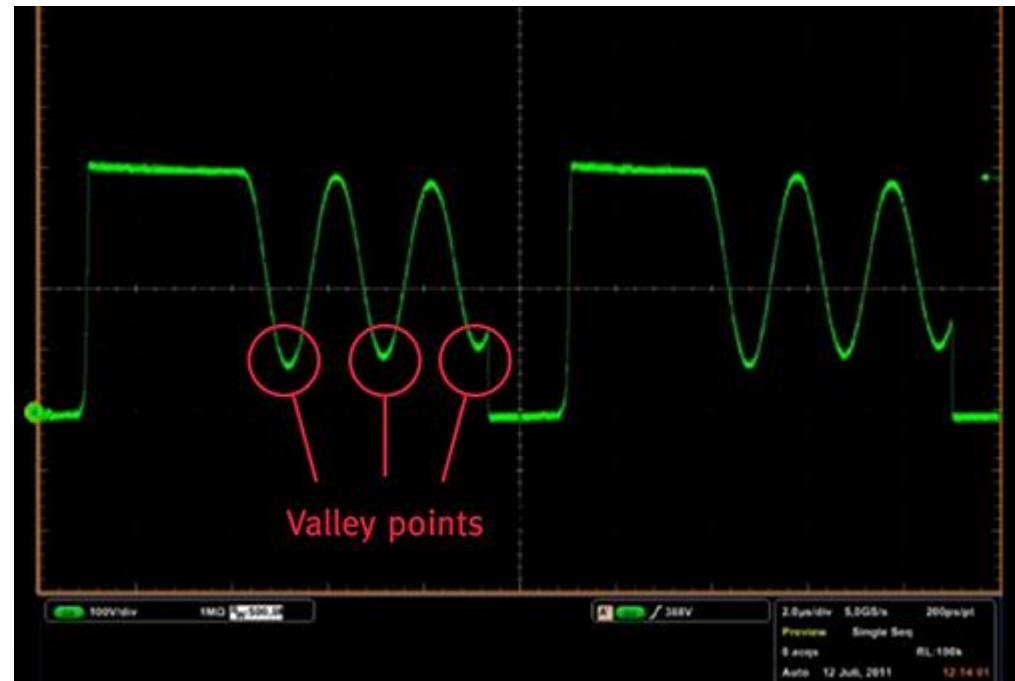
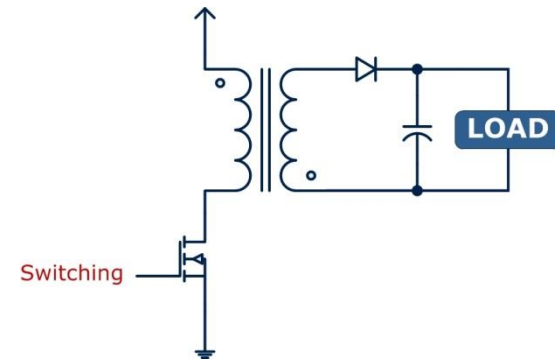
Power Factor Correction

- Boost topology
- Flyback topology
- Discontinuous or Critical Conduction Mode
 - ON-time control
 - Peak current detection
 - OFF-time control
 - Zero current detection
 - Detection blanking



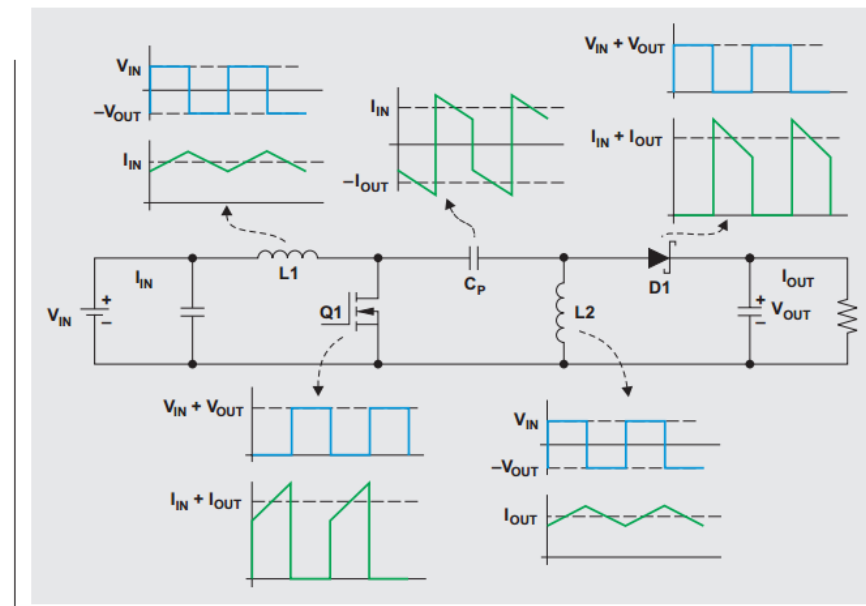
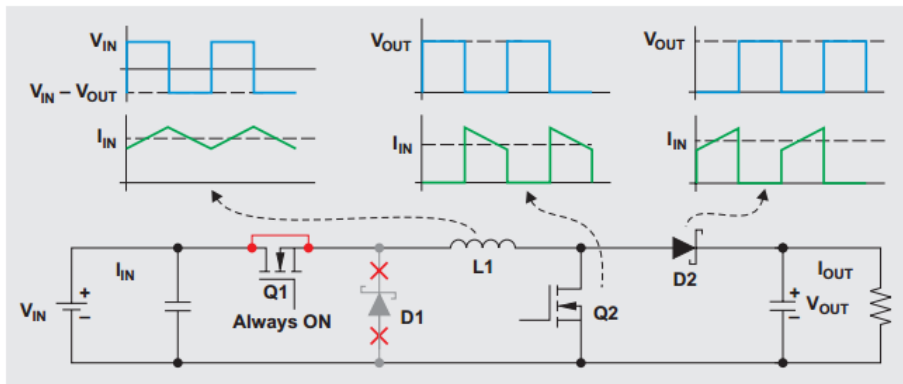
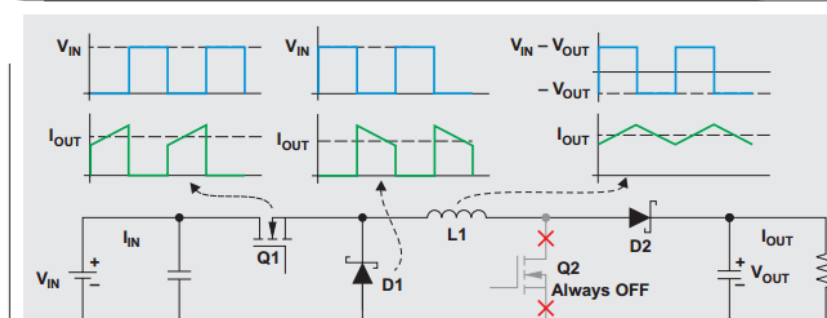
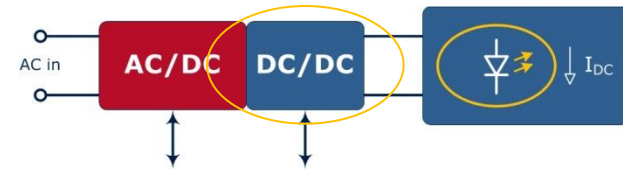
Quasi Resonance

- ON-time control
 - Peak current detection
- OFF-time control
 - Zero current detection
 - Valley switching
- Detection blanking



DC/DC

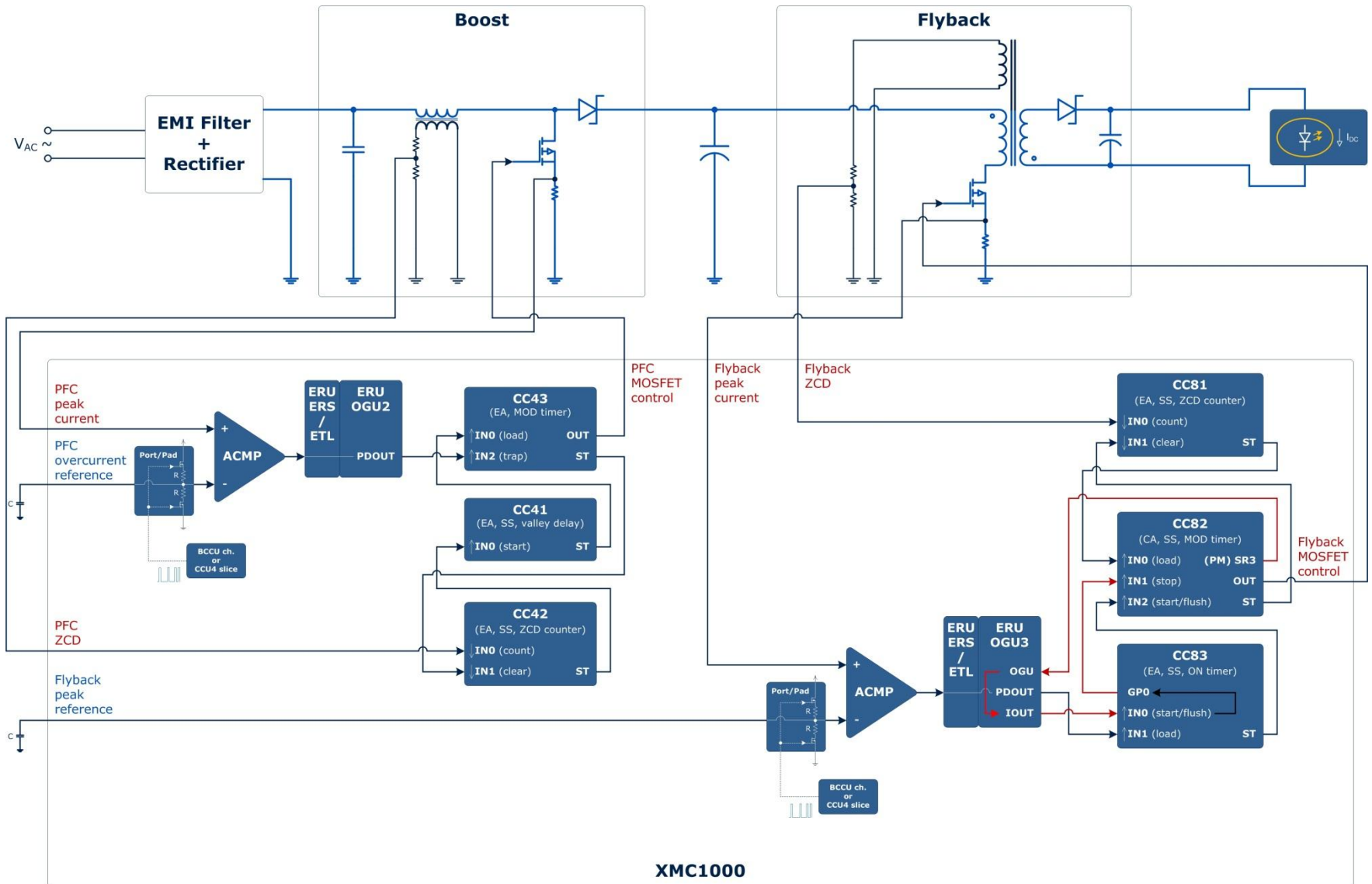
- Buck Converter
- Invertive Buck Converter
- Boost Converter
- Sepic



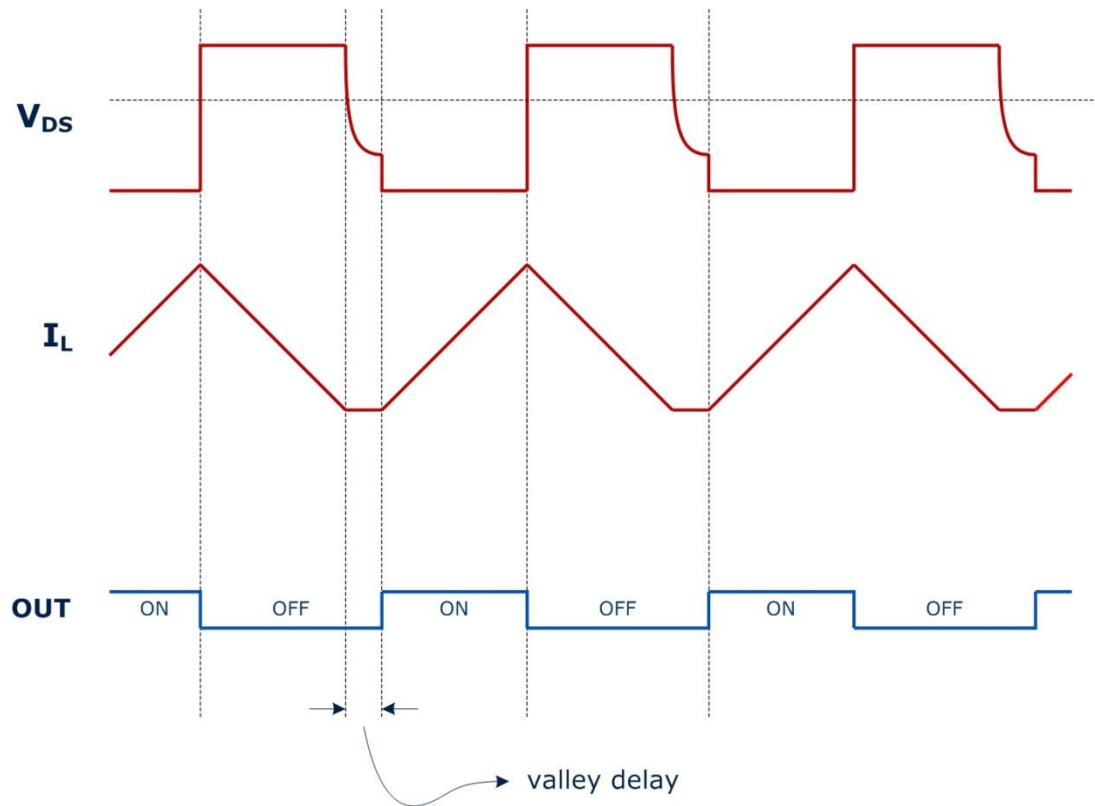
Agenda

- Key XMC1000 Features
- Lighting Power Supply Topologies
- **PFC and QR with XMC1000**
- CCM Buck with XMC1000

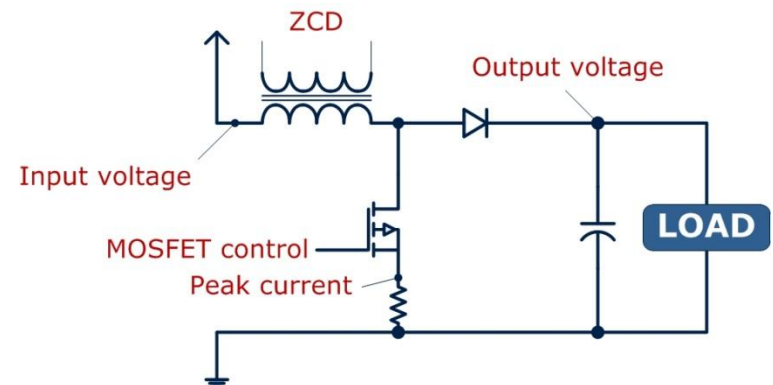
This is how complex it can get



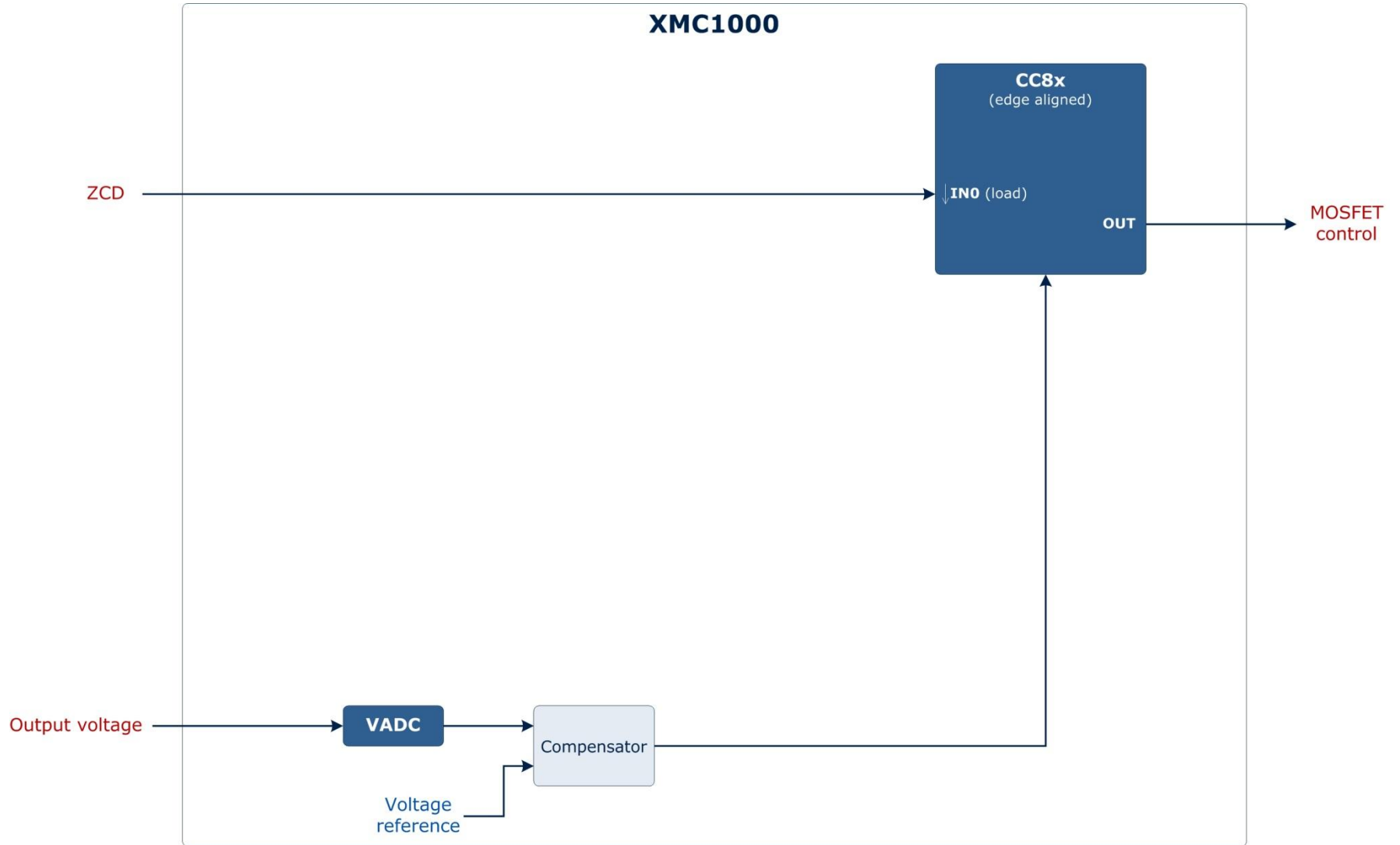
Simple PFC/QR Target Waveforms



- Zero crossing detection
- Switching in first valley
- Constant on-time

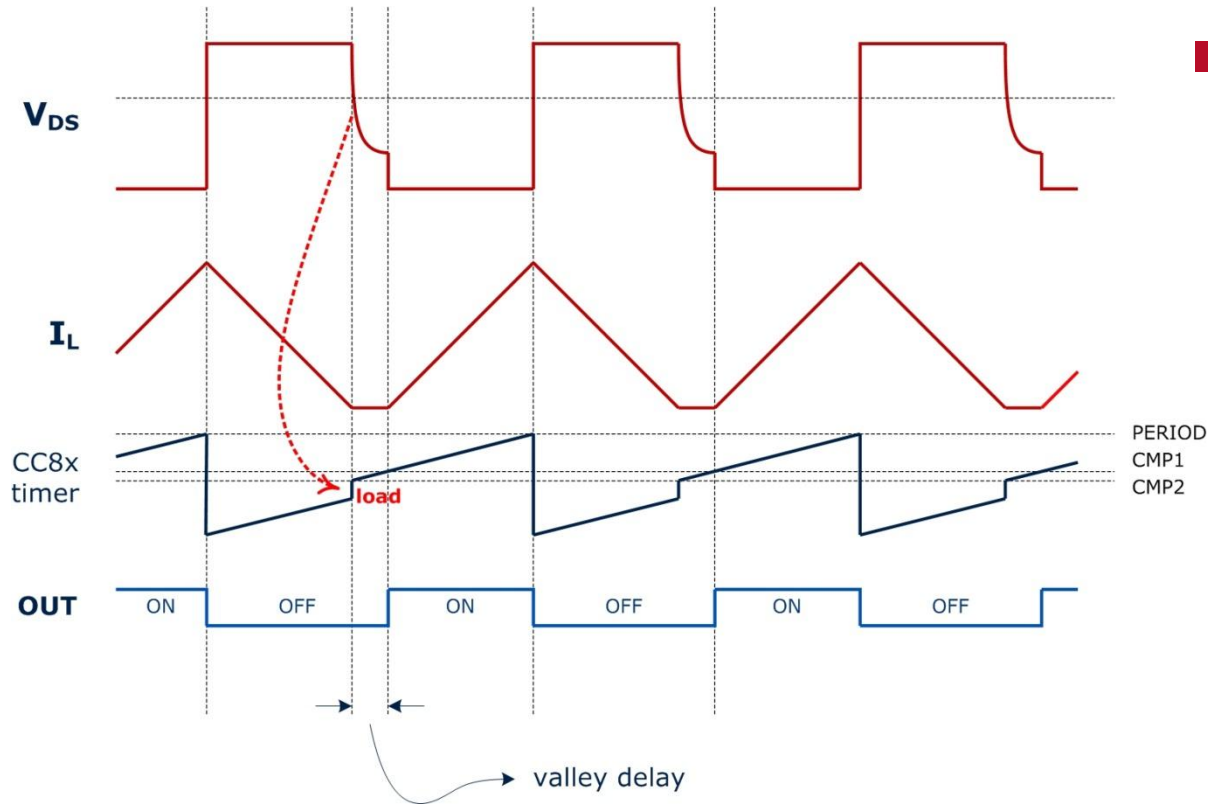


Simple PFC/QR Constant on-time control



Simple PFC/QR

Signals and waveforms

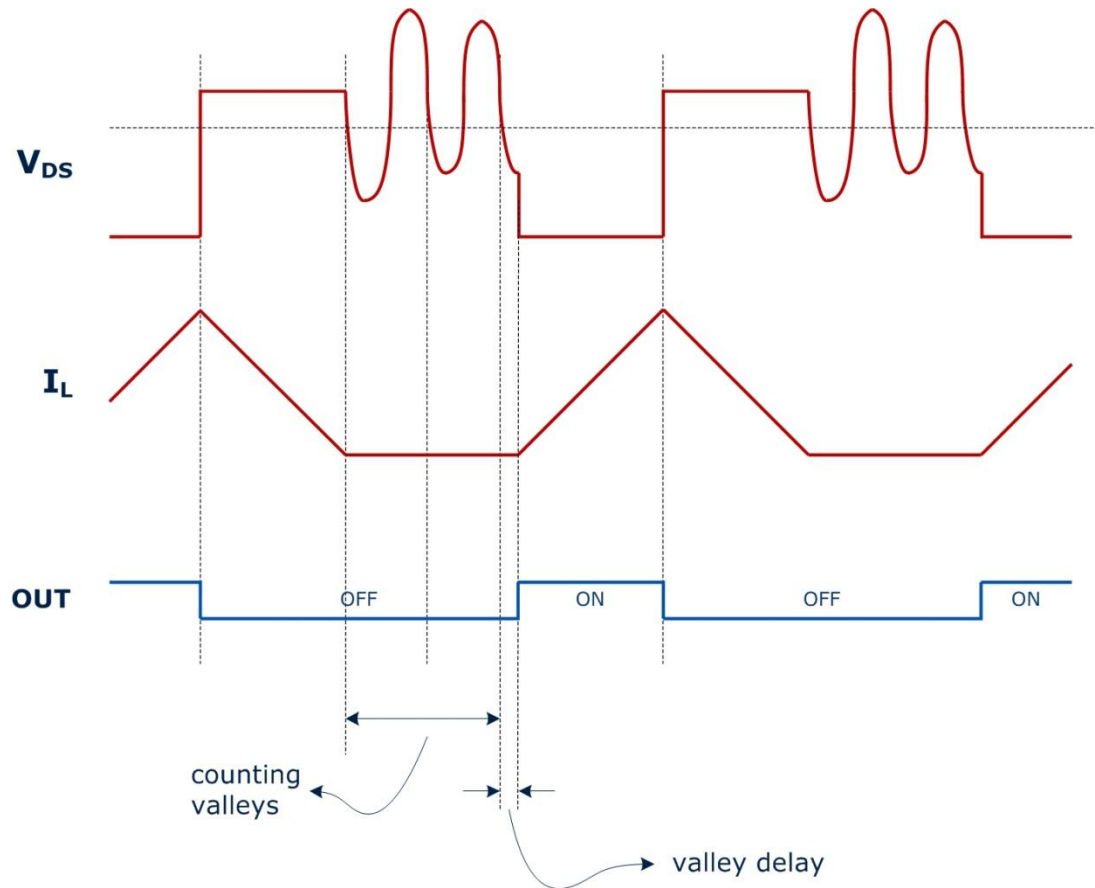


■ Delayed switching in first valley after zero crossing detection

- On-time: PER-CMP1
- Valley delay: CMP1-CMP2
- Max off-time: CMP1

PFC/QR with frequency limit

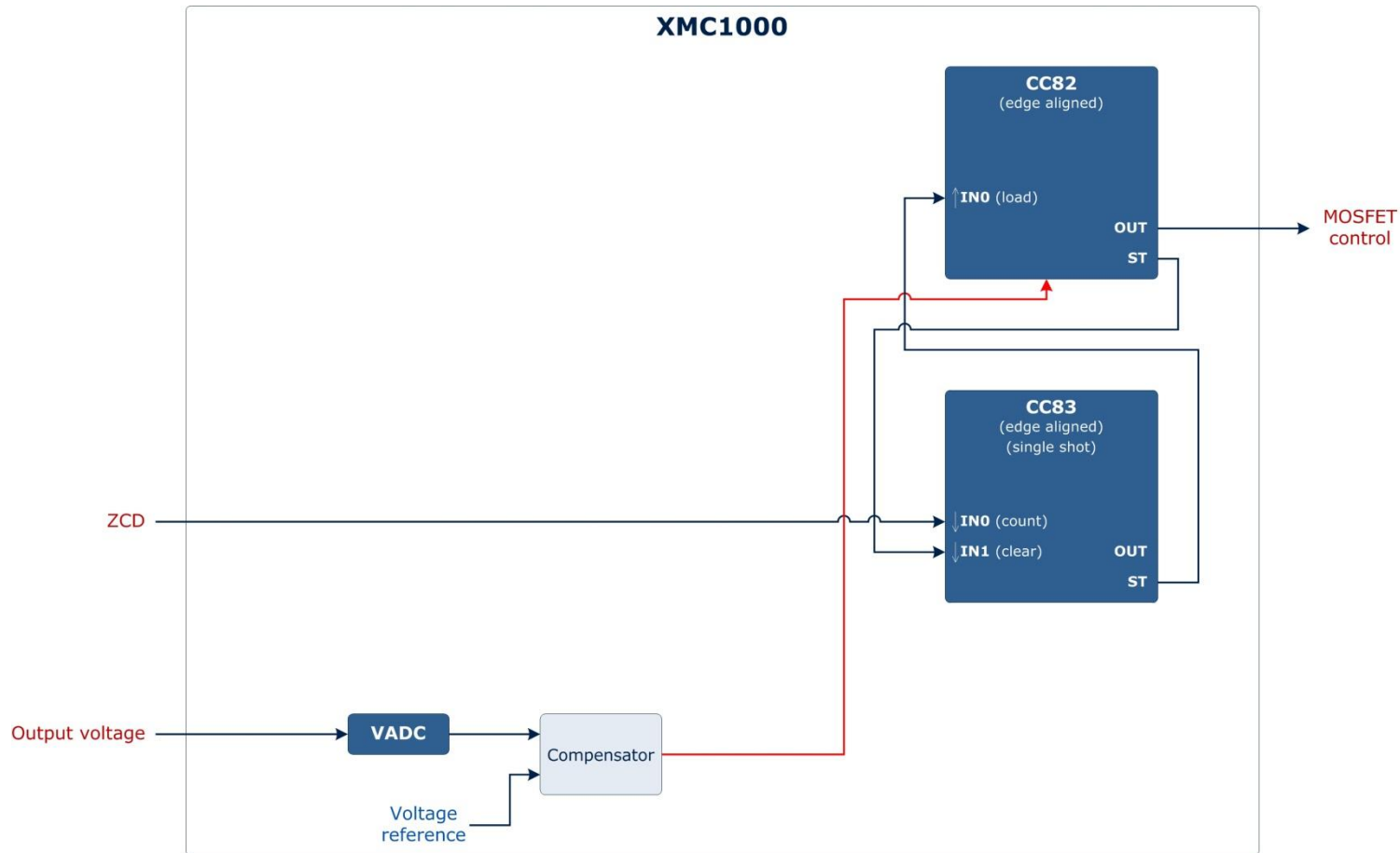
Target waveforms



- Zero crossing detection
- Switching in any valley we want to
- Constant on-time

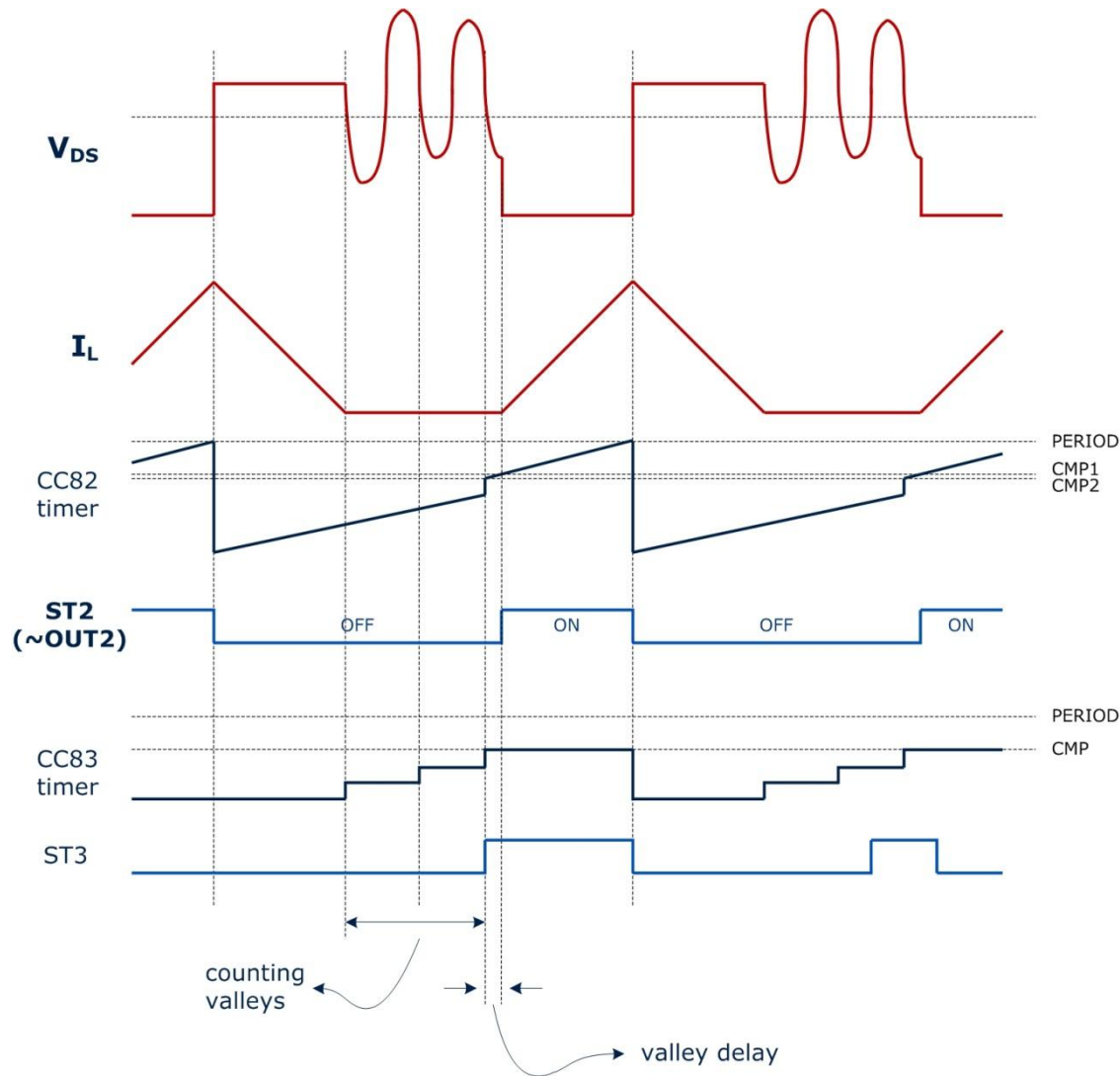
PFC/QR with frequency limit

Constant on-time control and valley counting



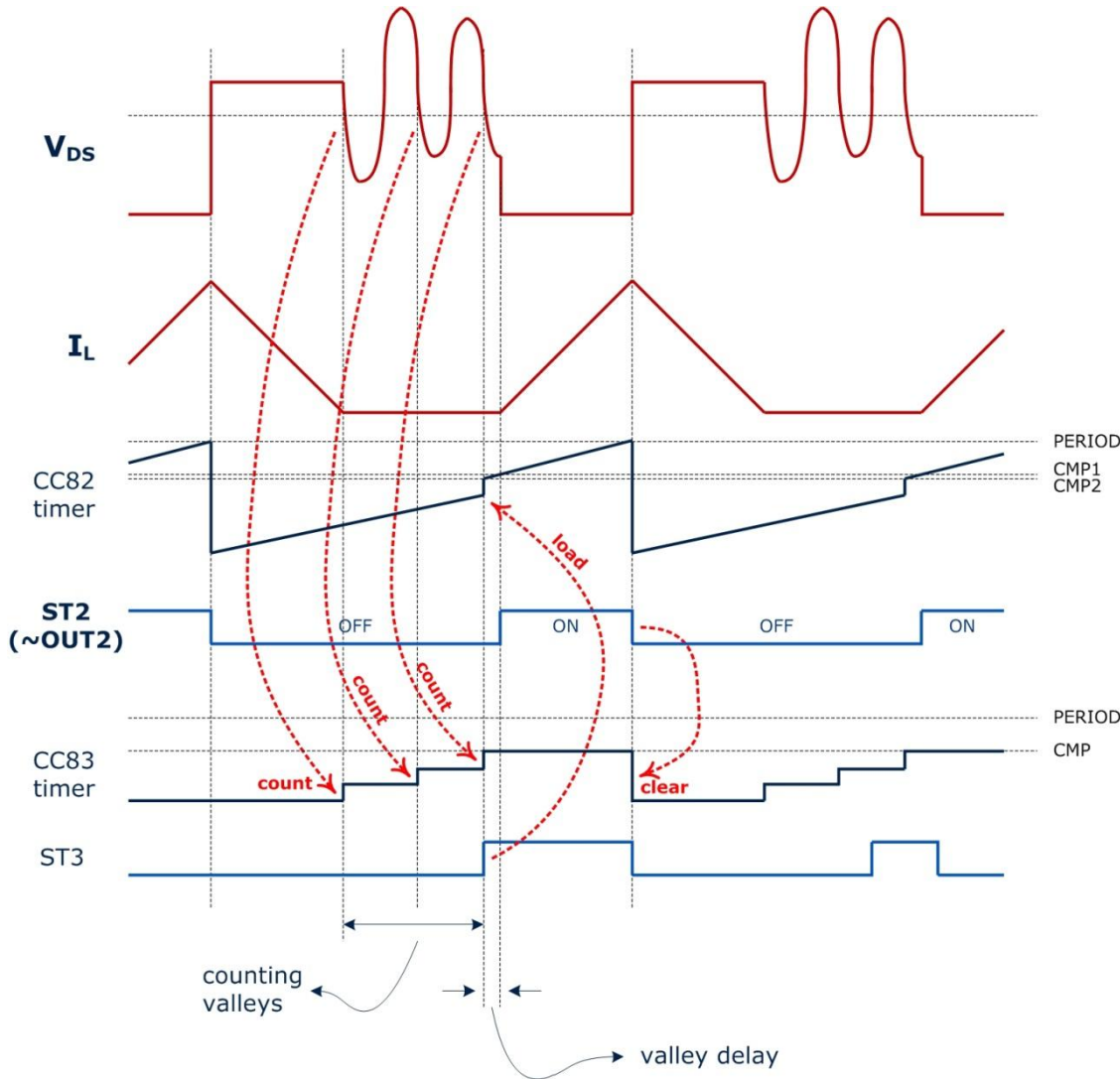
PFC/QR with frequency limit

Signals and waveforms



PFC/QR with frequency limit

Signals and waveforms

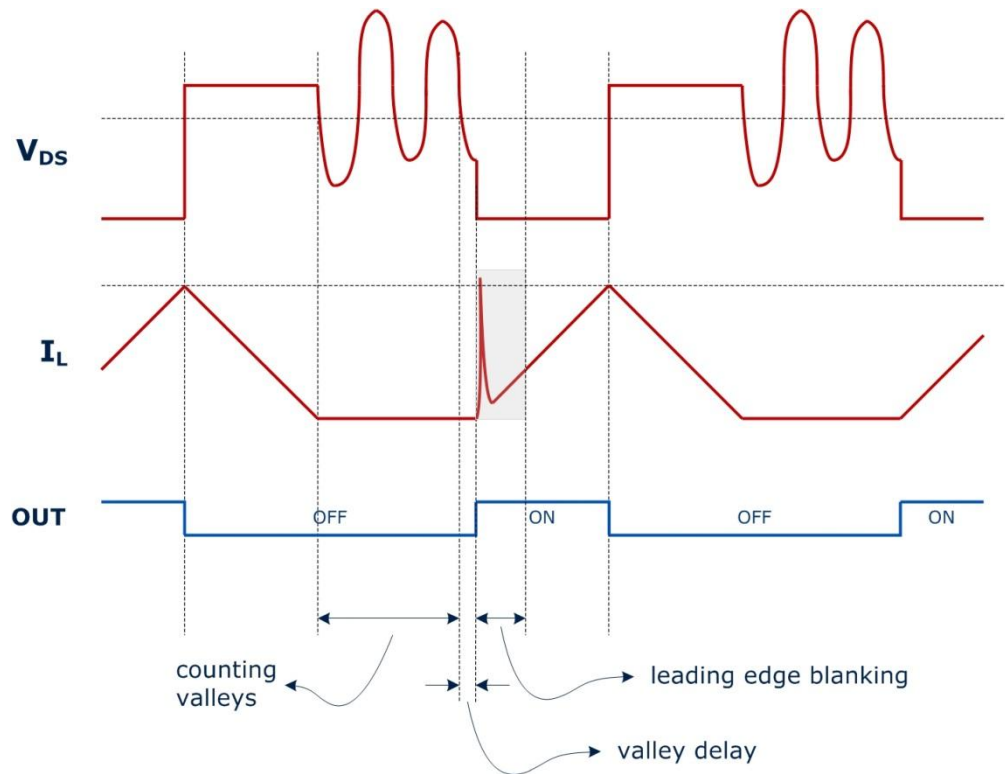


- Oscillations counted by additional timer slice
- Delayed switching in right valley

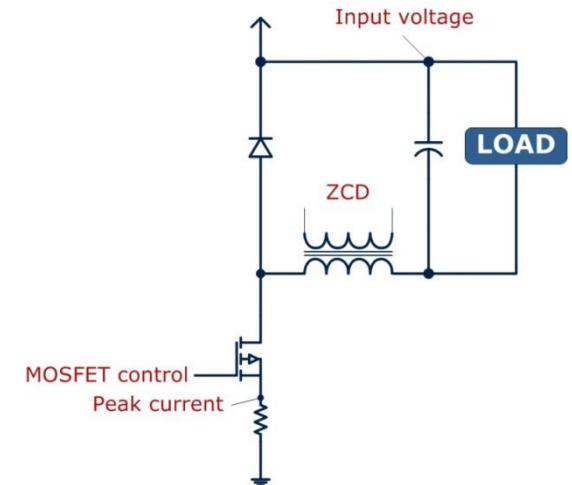
- On-time: PER-CMP1
- Valley delay: CMP1-CMP2
- Max off-time: CMP1

PFC/QR with peak-current control

Target waveforms

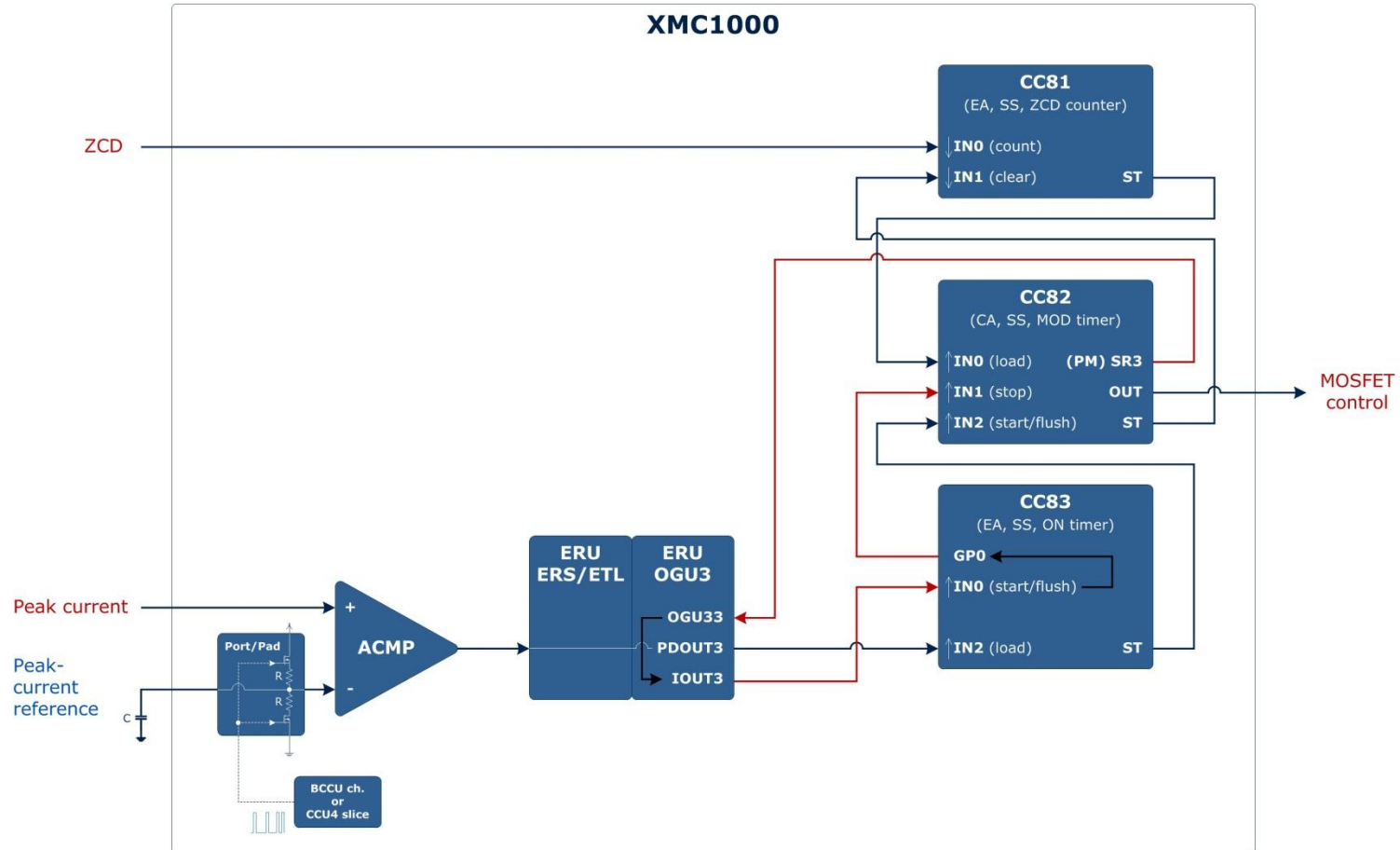


- Zero crossing detection
- Switching in any valley we want to
- Peak-current detection
- Leading edge blanking



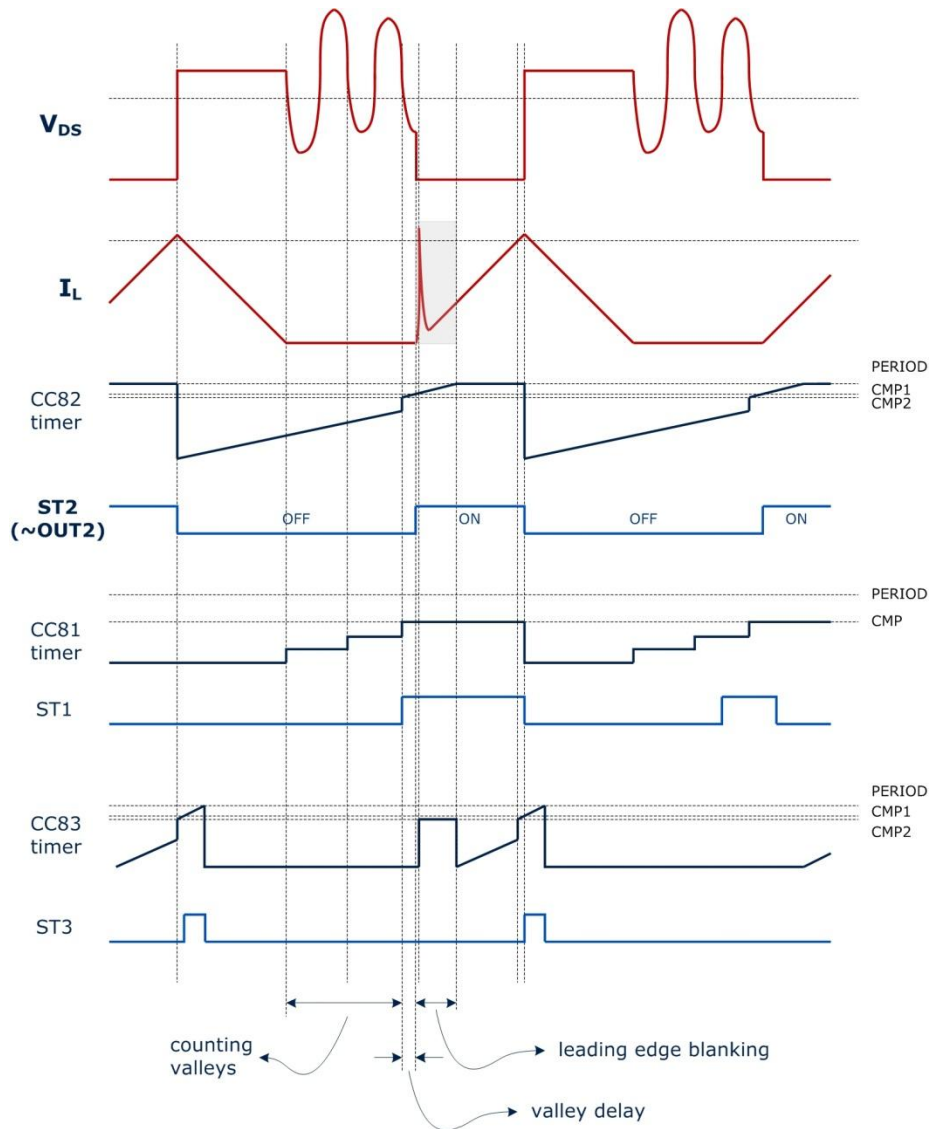
PFC/QR with peak-current control

Peak-current control and valley counting



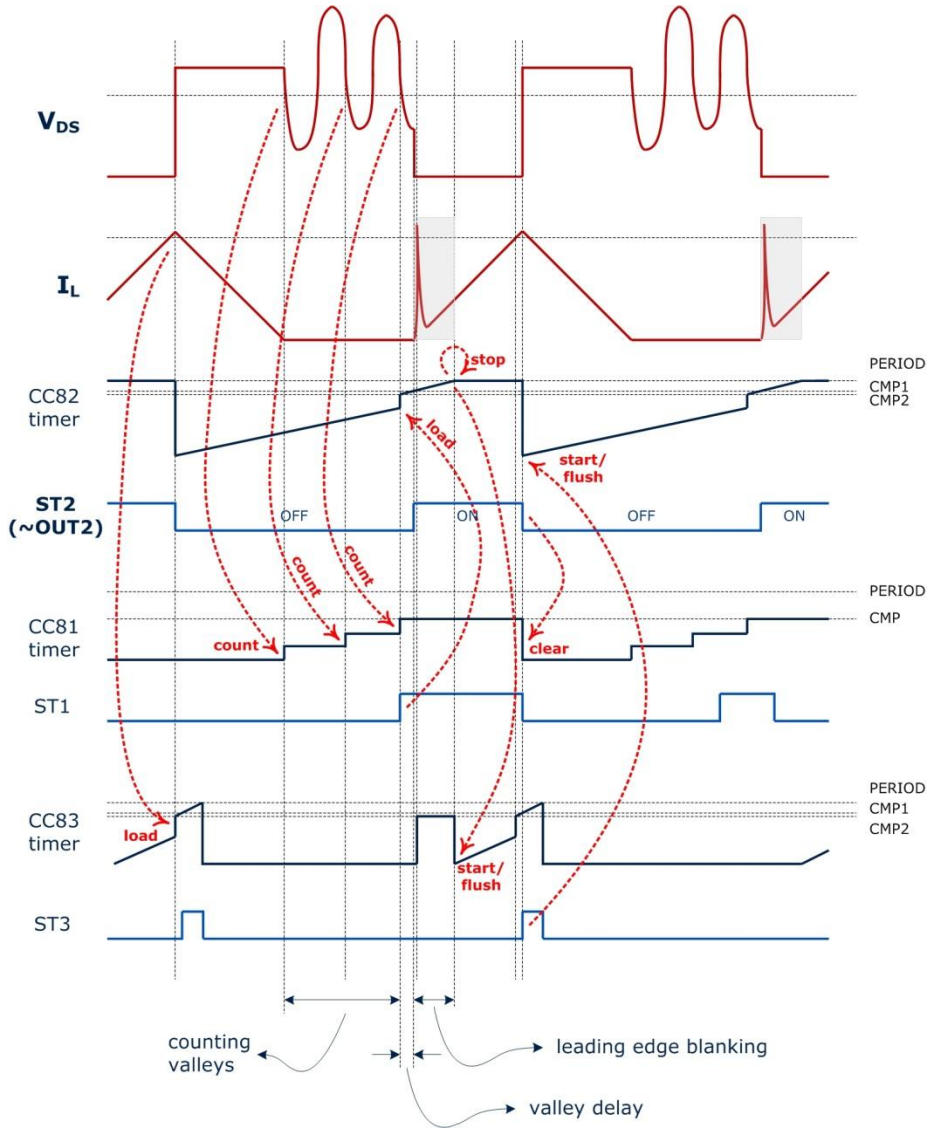
PFC/QR with peak-current control

Signals and waveforms



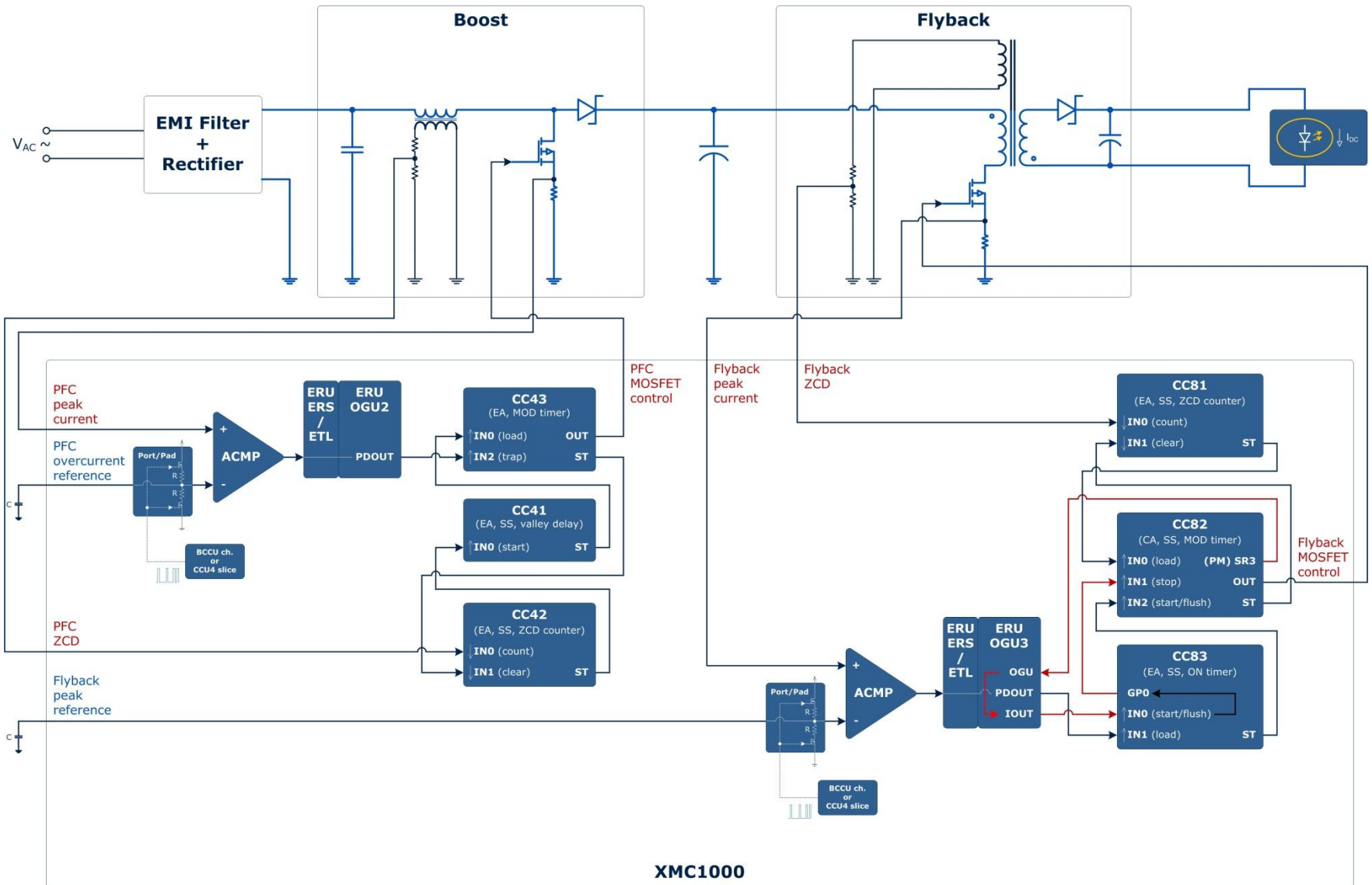
PFC/QR with peak-current control

Signals and waveforms



- Oscillations counted by additional timer slice
- Delayed switching in the right valley
- On-time controlled separately by additional timer to enable peak-current control
- Max off-time: $CMP1_2$
- Valley delay: $CMP1_2 - CMP2_2$
- LEB: $PER_2 - CMP1_2$
- Max on-time: $CMP1_3 + PER_2 - CMP1_2$

Boost PFC + DCDC Flyback With overcurrent protection

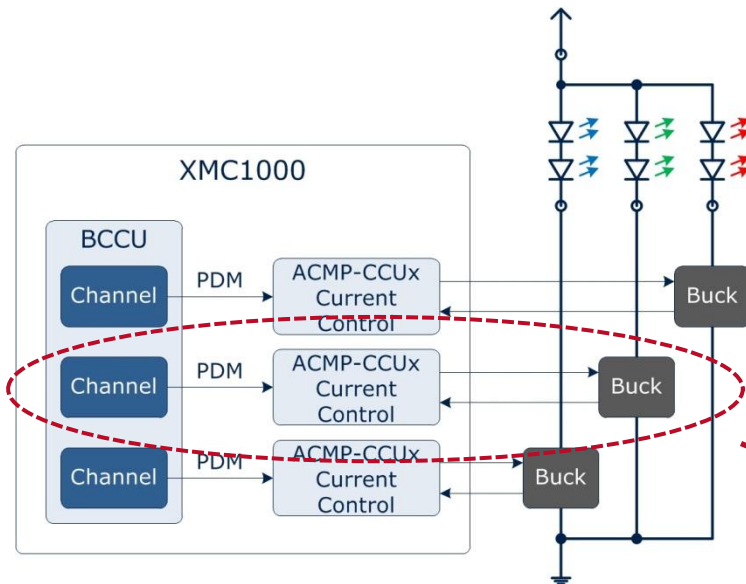
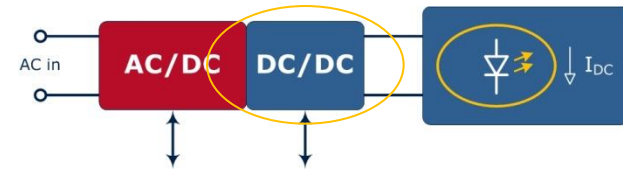


Agenda

- Key XMC1000 Features
- Lighting Power Supply Topologies
- PFC and QR with XMC1000
- **CCM Buck with XMC1000**

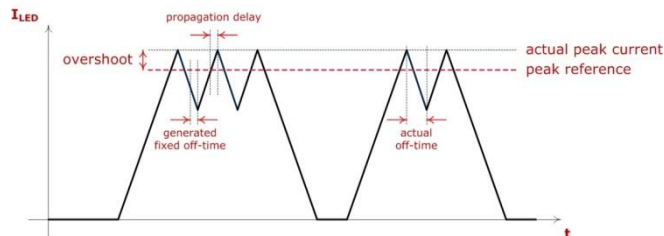
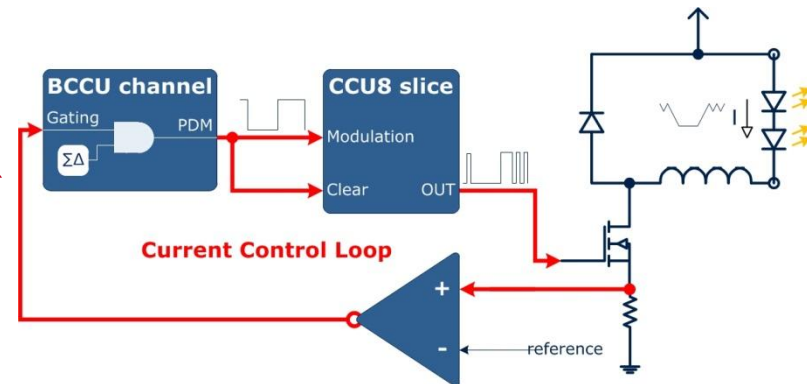
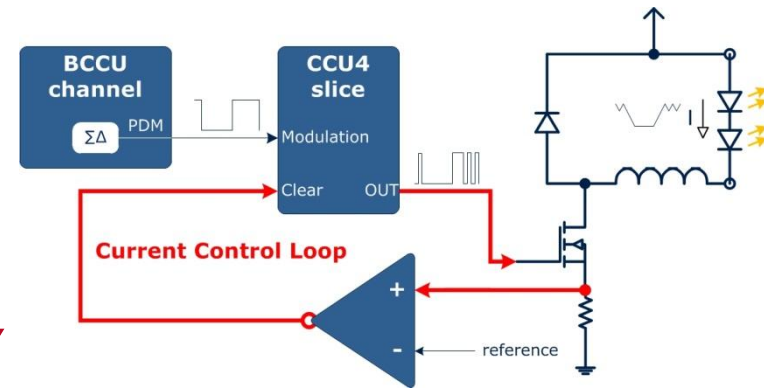
Modulation Dimmable CCM Buck

- LED strings in parallel
- High frequency switching enables high speed modulation dimming



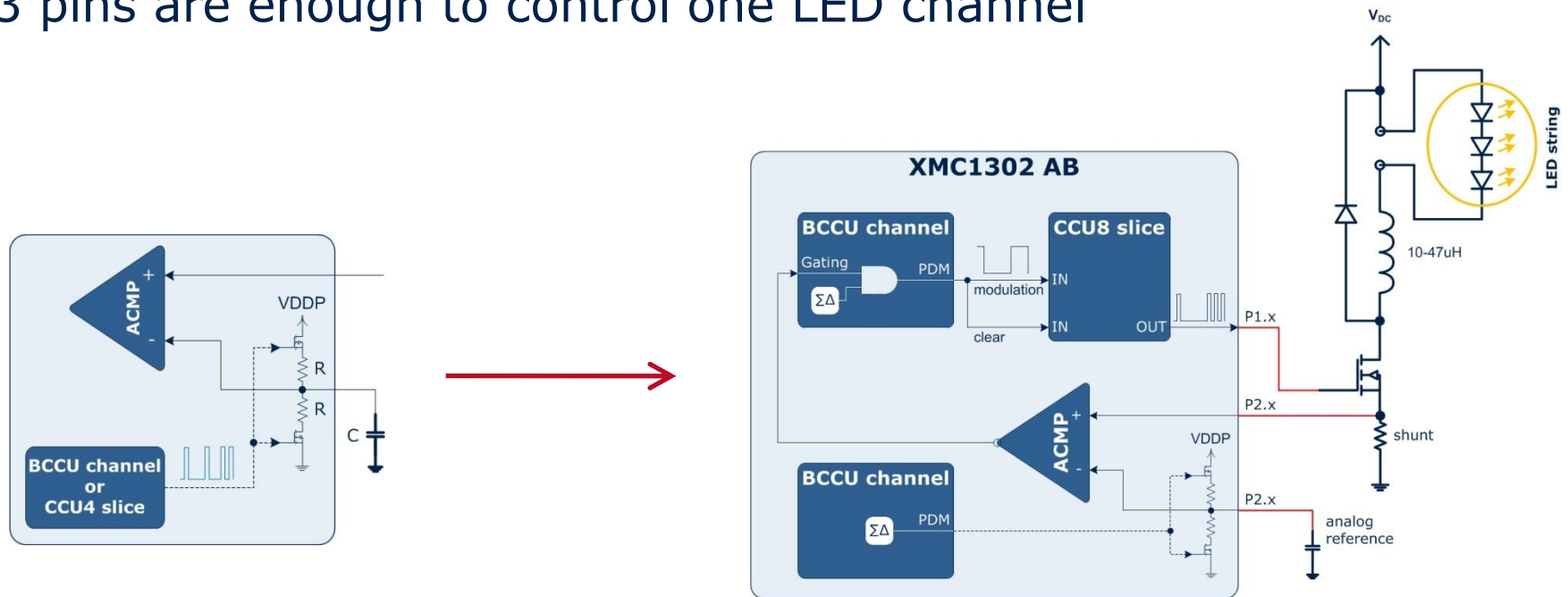
ZOOM

ZOOM

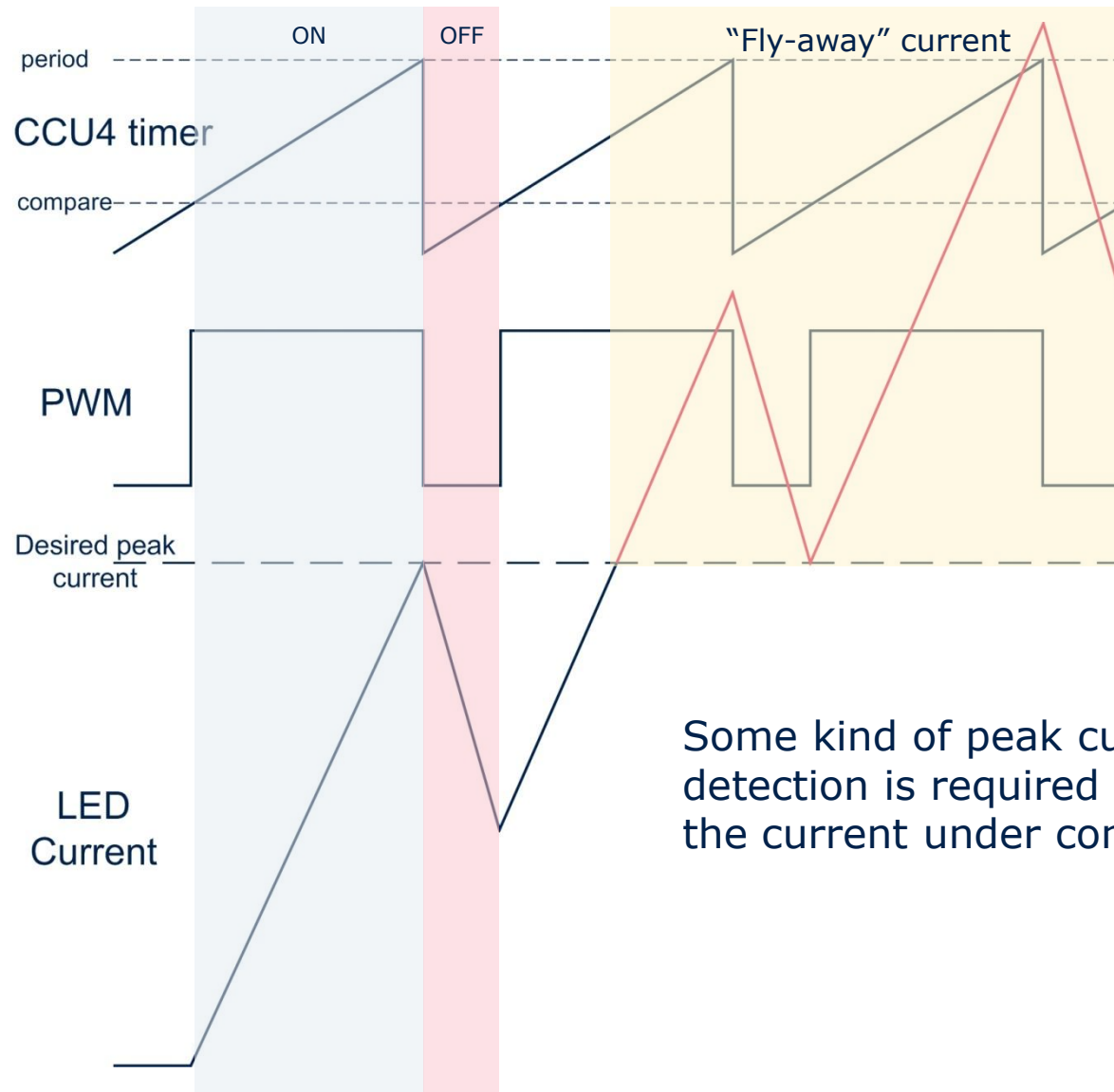


Internal comparator reference generation with external capacitor

- Internal pull resistor control by BCCU channels or CCU4 slices
- RC filter with internal R and external C
- Pin configured as analog input
- Easily adjustable current reference
- 3 pins are enough to control one LED channel



"Fly-away" current



Some kind of peak current detection is required to keep the current under control

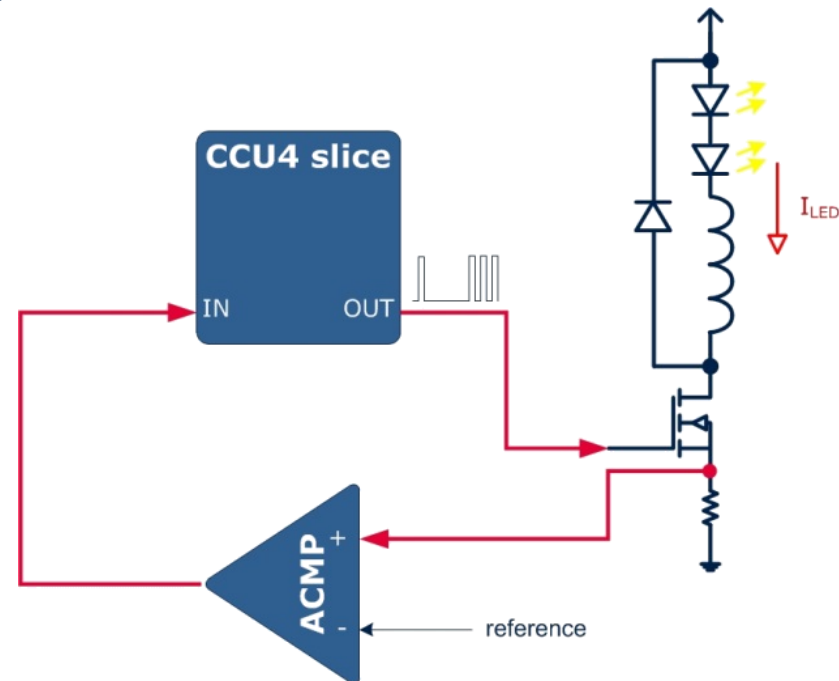
Peak-Current Detection (1/2)

- Analog comparator (ACMP)

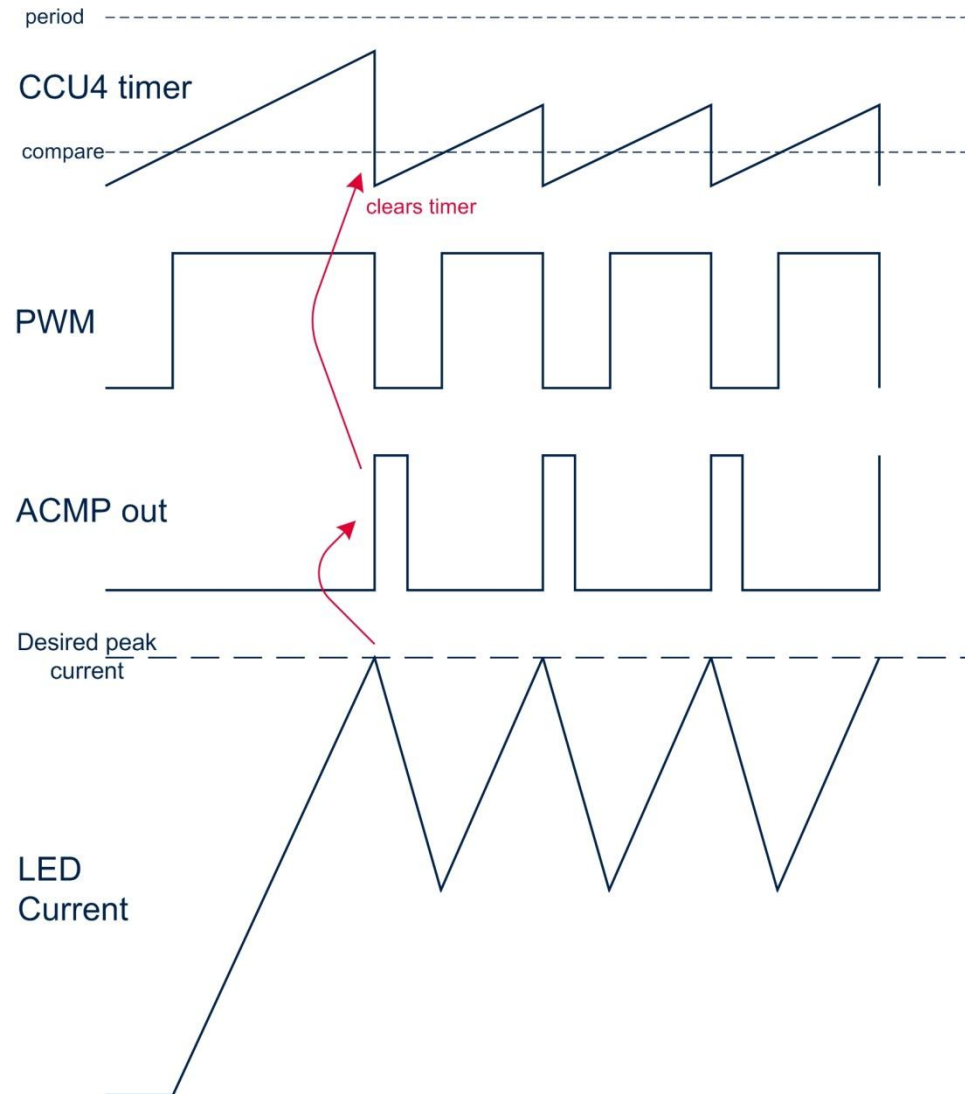
- Detects when desired peak level is reached
- Sends a trigger signal to CCU4 to turn MOSFET OFF

- CCU4

- Upon receiving trigger signal from ACMP, clears its timer and starts counting up again

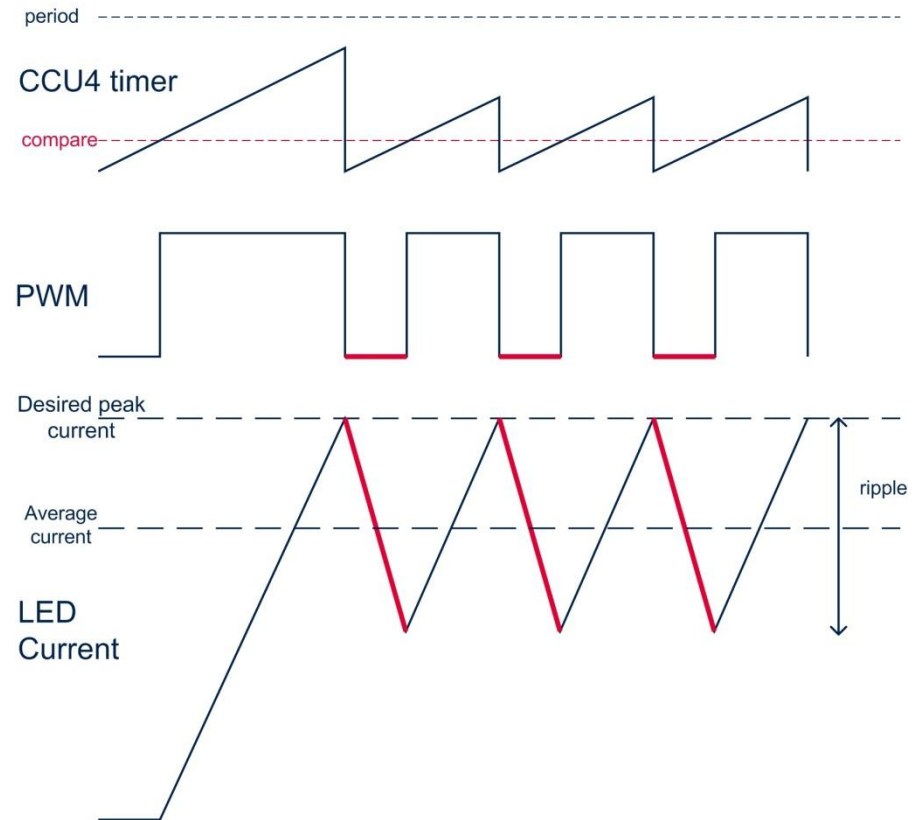


Peak-Current Detection (2/2)



Controlling Average Current

- CCU4 timer compare value affects the MOSFET off-time
 - This affects the size of the current ripple (amount of current drop)
- LED average current is approximately half of the current ripple
- Higher compare value = Larger ripple = lower average current value

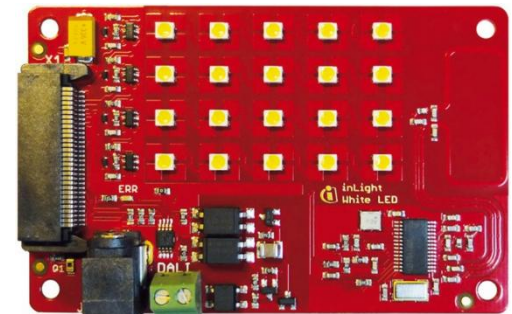
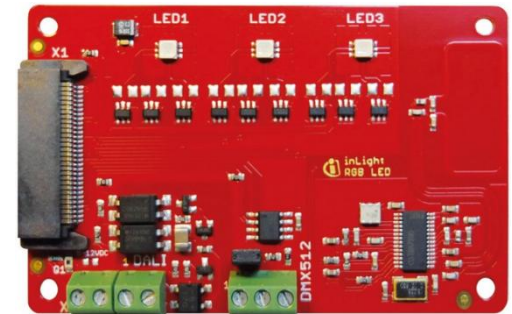
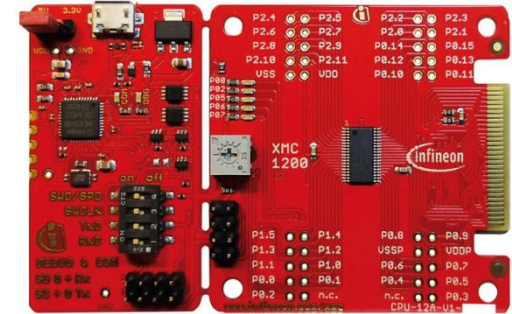


Kits and Boards

LED Lighting Application Kit

■ Features

- XMC1200 Microcontroller with 200KB Flash
- Detachable SEGGER J-Link
- Colour LED Card
 - 3 RGB LEDs, 10mA
 - Connectivity: DALI, DMX512, RF
 - Ambient light sensor
 - Linear LED drivers
- White LED Card
 - 20 LEDs in 4 strings, 20mA
 - Connectivity: DALI, RF
 - Ambient light sensor
 - Temperature sensor
 - Linear LED drivers
- Compatible with XMC1400 Boot Kit



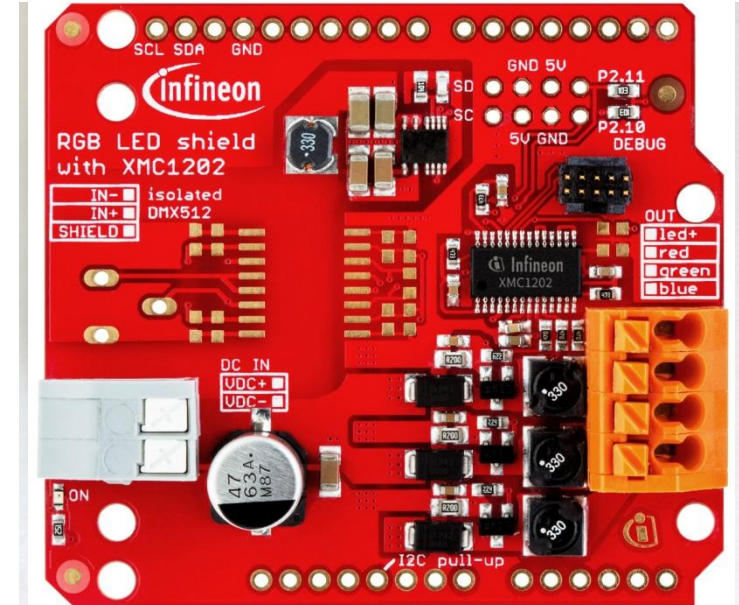
Kits and Boards

RGB LED Lighting Shield for Arduino



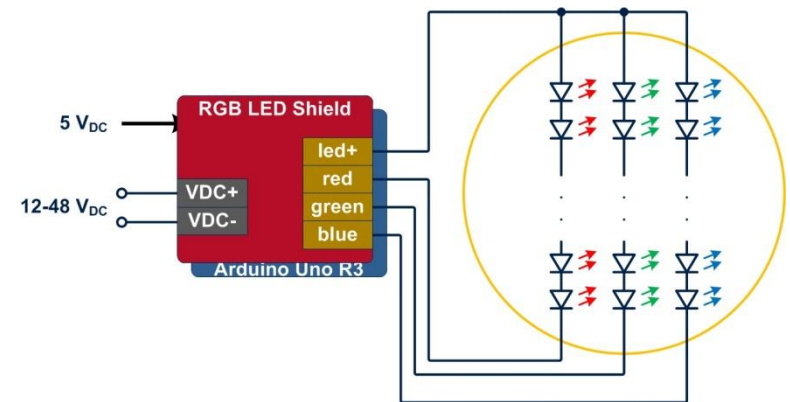
■ Features

- ❑ XMC1202 Microcontroller with 16K Flash
- ❑ 3 independent output channels
- ❑ Up to 48V DC input
- ❑ Up to 700mA output on each channel
- ❑ Connectivity: I²C, isolated DMX512 (n.m.)
- ❑ Compatible with Arduino Uno R3 and XMC1100 Boot Kit



■ Current control scheme

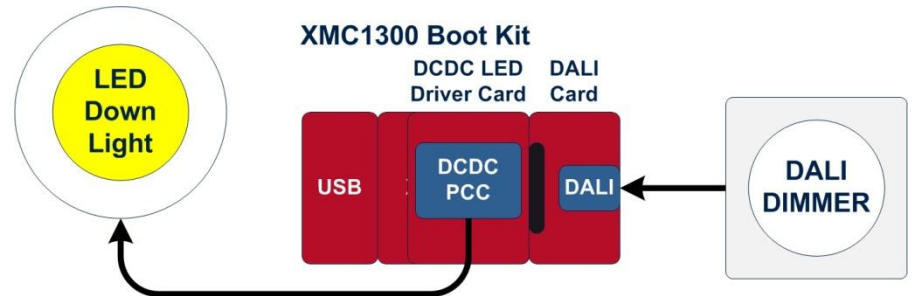
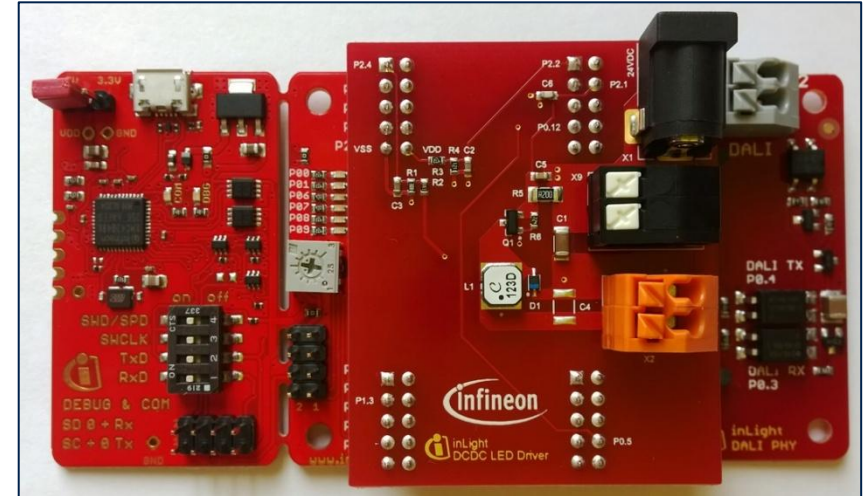
- ❑ Peak-current control with fixed off-time
- ❑ Pulse density modulation



Kits and Boards

Single-Ch. DCDC LED Driver w. DALI

- DCDC LED Driver Card
 - Up to 30V_{DC} input voltage
 - Up to 700mA average output current
 - Up to 1A peak current
 - High-speed dimmable DCDC buck
- DALI Card
 - Isolated DALI interface
- Boot Kit
 - XMC1200, XMC1302 or XMC1403 microcontroller
 - Programmable ripple
 - DALI stack





영업문의 : 황혜성 차장(hs.hwang@dabo-corp.com)
윤상원 대리(sw.yoon@dabo-corp.com)

기술문의 : 조용규 과장(yg.cho@dabo-corp.com)
권혁준 사원(hj.kwon@dabo-corp.com)

ENERGY EFFICIENCY
MOBILITY
SECURITY

Innovative semiconductor solutions for energy efficiency, mobility and security.

